

Rajasthan GK Quiz – Static GK Notes PDF 2021

Rajasthan have literary meaning 'The Land of Kings' is the seventh largest state in country by population. While discussing the location, Rajasthan is located on the northwestern side of India, where it comprises most of the wide Thar Desert (The "Great Indian Desert")

Rajasthan - Basic Facts

| Events | Dates & Details |
|----------------------|---|
| State formation Date | Formed on 30 March 1949 Reorganized on 1st November 1956 |
| Rajasthan Day | 30th March |
| Area | 342,239 square kilometres |
| Capital city | Jaipur |
| Principal Languages | Hindi, Rajasthani, Marwari, Mewari, Jaipuri, Malwi |
| Legislature | 200 |
| Lok Sabha Seats | 25 |
| Districts | 33 |
| Religion | Hinduism, Islam, Sikhism, Jainism, Christianity, Budhism |
| Rivers | Chambal, Sabarmati, Banas, Luni |
| State Flower | Rohida (<i>Tecomella undulata</i>) |
| State Animal | Camel |
| State Bird | Great Indian Bustard |
| State Tree | Khejri (<i>Prosopis cineraria</i>) |
| State Fish | Mahaseer's – Tigers of rivers |
| Literacy (2011) | 66.1% |
| Sex ratio (2011) | 928 /1000 |

Rajasthan Static GK Notes

Chief Minister - Ashok Gehlot

Governor - Kalraj Mishra

The Chief Justice - Indrajit Mahanty

Boundaries and Geographic Location

Rajasthan shares borders with the Pakistani provinces of Punjab to the northwest and Sindh to the west, along the Sutlej-Indus River valley.

Also is bordered by five other Indian states:

- Punjab to the north
- Haryana and Uttar Pradesh to the northeast
- Madhya Pradesh to the southeast
- Gujarat to the southwest

Geographical location

23.3 to 30.12 North latitude and 69.30 to 78.17 East longitude

Tropic of Cancer passing through southernmost tip of the state.

Major Cities

Udaipur, Bikaner, Jodhpur, Jaisalmer, Ajmer, Kota

Physical Characteristics

Aravalli range, the oldest mountain range of India, divides Rajasthan into 2:

North-western region - Arid & unproductive Desert in the far west & northwest.

South-eastern region - Fertile & topographically diverse Natural Vegetation and the Desert Tropical thorny vegetation

Major Rivers

Chambal – Flows from the Janapav to Madhya Pradesh

Sabarmati - Flows from Aravalli Ranges to Gulf of Cambay

Banas river - Origin in Rajasthan Joins Chambal

Luni River- Flows from Aravalli Ranges

Major Regional Festivals

Gangaur

Teej

Brij Holi

Nagaur

Kota Festival

Pushkar Mela

Deepawali

Gogaji

Shri Devnarayan Jayanti

Makar Sankranti

Janmashtami

Rajasthan's desert festival, Camel Festival

Major Art Forms

Ghoomer

Gair

Chari

Kacchi Ghodi

Kathputli

Bhavai

Drum dance

Fire dance

Terah Taali

Maand

Major Industries

Textiles, Vegetable Oil, Gemstones, Steel, Wool, Minerals, Cement, Ceramic, Chemicals.

Handicrafts items like Leather Goods, Marble Work, Jewelry, Pottery, Embossed Brass

Minerals

Lead, Zinc, Feldspar, Emeralds, Wollastonite, Garnets, Gypsum, Silver, Rock Phosphate, Gypsum

Agriculture Products

Barley, Mustard, Pearl Millet, Coriander, Fenugreek and Guar, Gram, Bajra

Airports

Jaipur International Airport

Jaisalmer Airport

Jodhpur Airport

Maharana Pratap International Airport or Udaipur Airport

Important Stadiums

Sawai Mansingh Stadium

Barkatullah Khan Stadium

Important Lakes

Ana Sagar Lake

Dhebar Lake

Fateh Sagar Lake

Man Sagar Lake

Nakki Lake

Sambhar Salt - India's largest inland Salt Lake

Pushkar Lake

Power Plants – Thermal and Hydro Electric

Suratgarh Thermal Power Station – The first Super Thermal plant of Rajasthan

Chhabra Thermal Power Plant

Rajasthan Solar Project Solar

Dhirubhai Ambani Solar Plant

Rajasthan Atomic Power Station

Jawahar Sagar Hydroelectric

Mahi Bajaj Sagar Hydro Power Plant India

World Heritage Sites

Jantar Mantar

Ranthambore Fort

Gagron Fort

Amber Fort

Jaisalmer Fort

Kumbhalgarh

Keoladeo National Park

Chittorgarh Fort

Ramsar Sites

Keoladeo Ghana National Park

Sambhar Lake

Bird Sanctuaries

Keoladeo Ghana National Park

Tal Chhapar Sanctuary

Bharatpur Bird Sanctuary

National Parks

Desert National Park

Sariska National Park

Keoladeo Ghana National Park

Ranthambore National Park

Wildlife Sanctuaries

Bandh Baratha

Bassi

Bhensrodgarh

Darrah

Jamwa Ramgarh

Jawahar Sagar

Kailadevi

Kumbhalgarh

Mount Abu

National Chambal

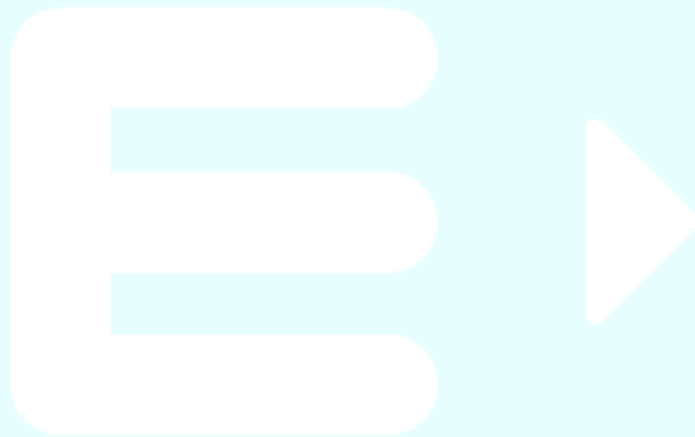
Ramgarh Vishdhari

Sambhar

Sawai Man Singh

Shergarh

Sitamata



Tiger Reserves

Ranthambore

Sariska

Mukandra Hills

Geographical Indications

Kota Doria,

Kathputlis,

Blue pottery,

Molela clay work,

Sanganeri

Hand Block Printing,

Phulkari,

Bikaneri Bhujia,

Bagru hand block print,

Thewa art work,

Makrana marble

Important Monuments and Buildings

Jyotish Yantralaya (Jantar Mantar Jaipur)

Hawa Mahal

Temples of Galta

Sun Temple Galta Hill

Amber Palace or Amber Fort

Lake Palace

Umaid Bhawan

Manak Chowk

Jagatpita Brahma Mandir

Nick Names of Cities

Jaipur is called as Pink City

Jodhpur is called as Blue City and Sun City

Jaisalmer is called as Golden City of India

Udaipur is called as White City, City of Lakes, and Venice of the East

