

The TNUSRB SI exam appears once every year. The Sub Inspector post is highly considered and appreciated. This makes it all the more necessary for you to prepare well with the right means. Mentioned below are the important TNUSRB SI notes for Indian History that you must refer to proficient in the TNUSRB SI exam. Our [ENTRI Learning App](#) also enables you by giving you access to study material and model exam papers that help you practice for the exam thoroughly.

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History of India Notes for TNUSRB SI Exam 2022

The most important sources for History notes are NCERT Books. Aspirants should read History from NCERT Books to prepare for the TNUSRB Exam effectively. Taking notes is an efficient way to manage your study material for revision. Though taking notes is advisable, TNUSRB Candidates often discover it hard to find the right topics to concentrate on or may not have the time or resources at hand to take efficient notes. With this in mind, we at ENTRI have developed a compilation of NCERT Notes for TNUSRB. This article compiles most of the important NCERT Notes for Ancient Indian History for TNUSRB for ease of use by aspirants.

Brief Note on Indian History for TNUSRB SI Exam

Thousands of years ago, India was home to the Indus Valley civilization, one of the world's most aged civilizations. In the 300s and 200s BC, the Maurya Empire governed the land. It became one of the most extensive empires in the world. Years later, during the Gupta dynasty, the Golden Age of India would take place. Staying from 319 to 554 AD, the Gupta dynasty delivered new developments in science, great art, and advanced culture. With the rise of Islam in the Arab nations, it started to spread into India. During the 10th and 11th centuries, the Turks and the Afghans intruded India and ruled as the Delhi Sultanate. Years later the Mughal Empire would grow to power and rule the land for over 300 years.

The Lotus Temple In the 16th century, European adventurers started to enter India. Britain finally took control of India. In the early 1900s, India started to fight for independence from Britain. Led by Mohandas Gandhi, non-violent protests were driven against the British. After many years of struggling, India was endowed with independence from Britain in 1947. The country was later split up into India and Pakistan. Later East Pakistan is becoming a third country, Bangladesh. India and Pakistan have had strained connections over the years including both countries testing nuclear weapons. India does have significant issues including poverty, corruption, and overpopulation. However, the country has newly seen strong economic and technology development.

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Indian History from Indus Valley Civilization – Dates and Events

India Timeline

BCE 3000 - The Indus Valley civilization is founded in Northern India and Pakistan.

2500 - Big cities such as Harappa and Mohenjo-Daro form.

1700 - The Iron Age starts in India. The Buddha

1500 - The Aryan peoples come from Central Asia. The Indus Valley Civilization crumbles. The Vedic period starts. The oldest holy scriptures of Hinduism are written.

520 - Buddhism is established by Siddharta Gautama.

326 - Alexander the Great comes to Northern India.

322 - The Mauryan Empire is established.

272 - Asoka the Great becomes emperor of Maurya. He extends the empire greatly.

265 - Asoka the Great later converts to Buddhism. He executes many reforms in the government.

230 - The Satavahana Empire is founded.

CE 60 - The Kushan Empire acquires control of Northern India. Southern India is governed by the Satavahana Empire.

319 - The Gupta Empire takes possession of much of India. The rule of the Gupta Empire is a time of peace and wealth. Many advancements are made in science and the arts during this time.

500 - The decimal numeral system is molded in India.

554 - The Gupta Empire forms to collapse.

712 - Islam comes in Northern India with the Umayyad Caliphate.

1000 - The Ghaznavid Empire intrudes from the north.

1210 - The Delhi Sultanate is established.

1221 - Genghis Khan directs the first incursion of the Mongols in India.

1398 - The Mongols, led by Timur, intrude Northern India. Babur

1498 - Portuguese explorer Vasco da Gama comes in India. He is the first European to come to India by the ocean. He guides trade between Europe and India.

1527 - The Mughal Empire is founded by Babur.

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1556 - Akbar the Great becomes came to be the Mughal Emperor. He will develop the empire to include much of the Indian Subcontinent. The arts and literature blossomed during his reign.

1600- The British East India Company has endowed with a charter by Queen Elizabeth I to have sole rights to trade with India.

1653 - The Taj Majal is constructed in Agra. It is constructed by Mughal Emperor Shah Jahan in honor of his wife Mumtaz Mahal.

1757 - The East India Company conquers Bengal at the Battle of Plassey.

1772 - Warren Hastings has established the first Governor-General of Bengal.

1857 - The Indians were revolutionary against the rule of the British East India Company.

1858 - The British Empire carries over the East India Company. The British Indian Empire is founded the Taj Majal

1877 - Queen Victoria declares the title the Empress of India. 1885 - The Indian National Congress is assembled to gain independence for India.

1911 - The capital city is transferred from Calcutta to Delhi by the British government.

1920 - Mahatma Gandhi starts his campaign of non-violence against the British government.

1930 - Gandhi directs the Salt March against the British salt monopoly.

1942 - The Quit India Movement is established by the Indian National Congress.

1947 - India evolves into an independent nation. The Muslim state of Pakistan is founded in the north. Jawaharlal Nehru evolves the first Prime Minister of India.

1948 - War crashes out between India and Pakistan over the borderland of Kashmir.

1948 - Mahatma Gandhi is assassinated by an Indian.

1950 - India evolves into a republic.

1966 - Indira Gandhi, the daughter of Jawaharlal Nehru, is selected as prime minister.

1971 - India goes to war with Pakistan over the invention of the country of Bangladesh from East Pakistan. Gandhi

1974 - India blasts its first nuclear weapon.

1984 - Indira Gandhi is assassinated.

1972 - India signed the Simla Agreement with Pakistan.

1996 - The Hindu nationalist party, the BJP, becomes the main political party.

2000 - The population of India has become one billion people.

2002 - Tensions ascend between India and Pakistan over Kashmir.

2004 - A large Indian Ocean earthquake generates a tsunami wave that hits India killing over 10,000 people.

These History study materials cover most of the main History Topics from the Ancient Indian Historical period until the dawn of the middle ages. Candidates should use these notes in confluence with the NCERT Books to cover the entire TNUSRB Syllabus for Ancient Indian History.

Studying the Ancient History of India needs a thorough understanding of the chronology of events in Indian History. Based on this foundation, aspirants should build up knowledge on different aspects of history such as economic history, administrative history, and the cultural impact of historical events apart from political history. We hope that the candidates got a detailed idea about Indian history through the notes provided here. The candidates can access more detailed notes regarding TNUSRB SI Exam through our [ENTRI Learning App](#).



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