

# Banking Daily Quiz Blog - April 18



1. **Given below are five statements out of which only one is grammatically correct. Identify the correct statement.**

A

That plan also sets a deadline of 2020 for a substantially increase in the number of countries with national and local strategies for disaster risk reduction.

B

**After the partition of 1947 and the transfer of a very large Bengali Muslim district of Sylhet to East Pakistan, the Assamese middle class came to power for the first time in about a century.**

C

The database we have compiled show that Muslims are dramatically under-represented in the Indian Police Service.

D

He recognized after the Japan game that he needed to make some changes to his lineup, and they made them.

E

In an admirable change of stance, the government has lobbed the ball back to the court, where it once belongs.

### **Solution**

Only option B carries a correct statement.

The errors in the other parts are as follows:

A- Increase is a noun, hence the adjective “substantial” should be used instead of the adverb “substantially”.

C- “Database” is a collective noun, and in the given context, a singular verb should be used with it. So, “show” should be replaced by “shows”.

D- “They” in the latter part of the sentence is incorrect as the subject here is singular “he” and other entity is being talked about here. So, "they" should be replaced by "he".

E- The phrase “once belongs” is incorrect. It should be once belonged.

2. Given below are five statements out of which only one is grammatically correct. Identify the correct statement.

A

Faced with a massive public outcry and criticism in the media, the government of Punjab has announced a series of measures to tackle the drug menace.

B

Overcrowding, as well as related problems such as lacking of privacy, can also cause or exacerbated mental health problems, and increase rates of violence, self-harm and suicide.

C

More than anything, it is the human cost of disasters that is the more compelling argument for action.

D

India is home to the largest population of malnourished and hunger-stricken people and children leading to high infant and maternal mortal.

E

Near the examination centres, there are no construction work, no traffic noise, and the cops enforce street calm.

### Solution

Only sentence A is correct.

The errors in the other options are as follows:

B- “Lack of privacy” is the correct phrase and not “lacking of privacy”

C- The usage of the article “the” indicates superlative degree, hence, “more” should be replaced by “most”.

D- “Infant” and “maternal” acts as adjectives, hence the noun “mortality” should be used.

E- “Construction- work” is a singular term, hence, “are” should be replaced by “is”.

3. **Given below are five statements out of which only one is grammatically correct. Identify the correct statement.**

A

As a metaphor for the future of the British's economy, the boy wizard created by JK Rowling and the queues for the Hogwarts Express are apt.

B

With the Gmail redesign, scammers could send out fake versions of confidential email alerts and trick a user to entering sensitive details.

C

**There are plenty of stands that can hold and charge your gamepad controllers, but I find them to be an eyesore.**

D

Not only it consumed precious time of the upper house, but so led to inordinate delay in clearing five key amendments in the legislations.

E

For starters, the company expects to generation enough cash flow this year to cover its dividend and fund all its growth focused spending.

### **Solution**

Only C is the correct statement.

The errors in the other options are as follows:

A- Here the usage of the word “British’s” is incorrect. British itself is an adjective and hence the possessive need not be used. The phrase “British economy” conveys the required meaning.

B- The usage of “to entering” is incorrect. Since “entering” shows movement, the preposition “into” should be used.

D- “Not only” and “but also” form a correlative conjunction, thus the usage of “but so” is wrong.

E- The phrase “to generation” is wrong. With “to” the base form of the verb should be used to form an infinitive. Thus, “to generate” is the correct phrase.

4. Given below are five statements out of which only one is grammatically correct. Identify the correct statement.

A

This research method, called ECoG, requires major surgery, which is why it almost never happens without the voluntary participation for patients.

B

The rise and reign of supergiant rounds are a phenomenon that emerges from a confluence of different factors.

C

Hundreds across the country called in the university and government to do more to prevent sexual assault and harassment.

D

Take a magnifying glass to Jolie's early home life and an emancipation will not be anything particularly out of the ordinary.

E

He asked New Delhi to reciprocation so that Kashmir issue could be resolved.

### Solution

Only option D is error free.

The errors in the other parts are as follows:

A-“Participation of patients” is correct, thus, for should be replaced by “of”.

B- The phrase “rise and reign” acts as a singular entity, thus the singular verb “is” should be used with it.

C-The phrase “called in” is incorrect, as it means to make a call to someone. Here the context is about people asking the university and government to do more to prevent sexual assault and harassment. Thus, the phrase “called on” should be used which means to ask someone to do something.

**5. Read the given passage carefully and answer the questions that follow.**

The fact that Indian Prime Minister Narendra Modi visited Palestine just weeks after Israeli Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu toured India demonstrates just why rising powers like New Delhi can play a significant role in building peace between Israel and Palestine, and in the broader Middle East. U.S. President Donald Trump's decision to move the U.S. embassy to Jerusalem irreparably damaged the United States' image as a credible arbiter in the Israel- Palestine conflict. In contrast, rising powers like India are considered acceptable by a broad range of regional players. From a U.S. perspective, the strategic entry of new these into the Middle East will be increasingly difficult to prevent. The involvement in the peace process of India—a fellow democracy and security partner of Washington— provides a preferable option when compared to other rising powers who may seek to fill the void. While Delhi has increased security ties with Israel, it has simultaneously strengthened ties with the Palestinian Authority. Its “friend-to-all” image enabled New Delhi to garner an invitation from Palestinian Authority leader Mahmoud Abbas to sit on a proposed “multilateral forum” for negotiations on a peace deal between Palestine and Israel—a role India is increasingly able to fill. Many assessed the pomp and ceremony of Netanyahu's New Delhi visit as evidence of India's increasing proximity to Israel. The public affection reflected New Delhi's strategic interests. The Indian military has relied on Israeli technology on the battlefield; last year India and Israel signed a \$2 billion deal for an advanced medium-range surface-to-air missile system. Israel has positioned itself as one of India's largest source of arms, with a 7.2 percent share of imports into India between 2012 and 2016. But while the ideological stripes of the current BJP government and certain security interests mean Israeli overtures are warmly received, there are significant structural factors that drive India to maintain a balanced approach to the Israel-Palestine issue. The rhetoric about “dehyphenating” Israel-Palestine is an attempt to justify this objectivity to those seeking to pull India into supporting one side over the other. While no bilateral relationship is fully independent of other relationships, counteracting forces acting upon Indian policymakers ensure New Delhi takes a relatively neutral approach. Indian policymakers feel that in an increasingly multipolar world, the way to maximize leverage is to make other states work for one's favor rather than have it taken for granted through alliance membership. Thus, what had previously been promoted as idealist nonalignment has now evolved and been rebranded as realist strategic independence. Importantly, India is seen as able to act more independently than many

Western states with regard to Israel. This is evident in the fact that when Israel's preferences collide with New Delhi's strategic autonomy, the latter always wins out. Modi's visit to Palestine is a prime example. Furthermore, despite Israel and the United States urging that India minimize its energy and defense ties with Iran, India continues to rely on Iranian oil and engage in defense cooperation. Modi even visited Iran in 2016 and Iranian President Hassan Rouhani arrived in India this week for his own visit. The rhetoric throughout Modi's trips to Iran and Palestine included references to the depth of ties, similar to those heard during the Indian prime minister's trip to Israel. Modi's speeches in Ramallah will likely be similarly replete with themes of camaraderie and "brotherliness." For global audiences, India projects an image of moderation with regard to its positions on the Middle East's conflicts. While Delhi has prioritized sovereignty and nonintervention, providing soft-spoken support to like Syria and pre- 2003 Iraq, in opposition to the West, the re-entry of Russia into the region and its robust defense of Damascus makes New Delhi's position more centrist.

A. **Why did the U.S. lose its trustworthy role as a negotiator of peace in the Israel- Palestine conflict?**

A

The President's decision to move the U.S. embassy to Jerusalem indicates his hostility towards the Islamic nations.

B

**Trump's decision to move the U.S. embassy to Jerusalem showed that he is biased towards one of the concerned parties.**

C

Trump's decision to move the U.S. embassy to Jerusalem was not considered a welcome move by the Global community.

D

India outdid the U.S. in acting as the negotiator of peace between Israel and Palestine.

**E** All of these

### Solution

According to the first paragraph of the passage, “U.S. President Donald Trump’s decision to move the U.S. embassy to Jerusalem irreparably damaged the United States’ image as a credible arbiter in the IsraelPalestine conflict.”

Hence option B states the correct answer.

**B. Which of the following reflects the international policy of India with respect to the situation discussed in the given passage?**

**A**

India carries a sycophantic attitude and pleases every country it wants to establish a strategic partnership with.

**B**

**Pursuing a neutral bilateral strategy, India has established itself as ideologically neutral and strategically aligned with all the countries.**

**C**

In order to make itself agreeable to the global community, India has recklessly established geopolitical relationships while overlooking the imminent danger of facing severe opposition by the concerned countries.

**D**

India voices for the right and carries a policy of interference.

**E**

Cannot be concluded from the passage.

### **Solution**

The passage represents India as a country which does not arbitrarily favour any country but tries to have diplomatic relationship with all. So, it is neutral in its approach.

Thus, option B is the correct answer.

**C. What is the tone of the author in the given passage?**

**A**

Critical

**B**

**Analytical**

**C**

Acerbic

**D**

Sarcastic

**E**

Objective

## Solution

In the given passages the author discusses the neutral role played by India at the global platform. He/ she analyses the position of India with reference to several countries by putting forth arguments and examples.

Thus, option B best describes the tone of the passage. The passage is not objective as the author does not report events. It is also not critical as it does not criticize any entity but analyses the facts.

Acerbic- harsh

Sarcastic- humorous

### D. Which of the statements is true with respect to the passage?

A

Donald Trump through his bilateral move has widened the gap between Israel and Palestine.

B

The policymakers of India believe that to intensify the global grip is to have other nations work for one's favour.

C

Unlike many Western states India does not act in the pressure of its alliances, the usage Iranian oil being an example.

D

It is believed that the ideological stance of the present government influences India's relationship with Israel.

**E**

**All of these.**

### **Solution**

All the statements are true with reference to the given passage, thus, E is the correct answer.

**E. How has India managed to remain in the good books of countries like Israel, Palestine and the U.S. despite the existing tumultuous relationship among them and other nations?**

**A**

**India has maintained an amicable but diplomatic relationship with these countries and has kept its geopolitical position neutral to avoid hostilities.**

**B**

India's global economic position at the present time is at rise and despite ideological differences, the globe does not want to create differences with her.

**C**

Since India has established strategic partnership with all the countries, her geopolitical ideologies do not make much difference for the concerned countries.

**D**

India has favoured the ideological stand of each of the countries during his visits to the respective nations.

**E**

**None of these.**

## Solution

According to the passage, “Its “friend-to-all” image enabled New Delhi to garner an invitation from Palestinian Authority leader Mahmoud Abbas to sit on a proposed “multilateral forum” for negotiations on a peace deal between Palestine and Israel—a role India is increasingly able to fill.” This means that India is a country which does not take sides, rather it is diplomatic in its approach. Hence it is admired by all the nations as an arbitrator.

So, option A is the correct answer.

