

Banking Daily Quiz Blog - May 10



Direction: In these questions four statements followed by five conclusions are given, one of which definitely does not logically follow for is not a possibility of economical) from the given statements. That conclusion is your answer.

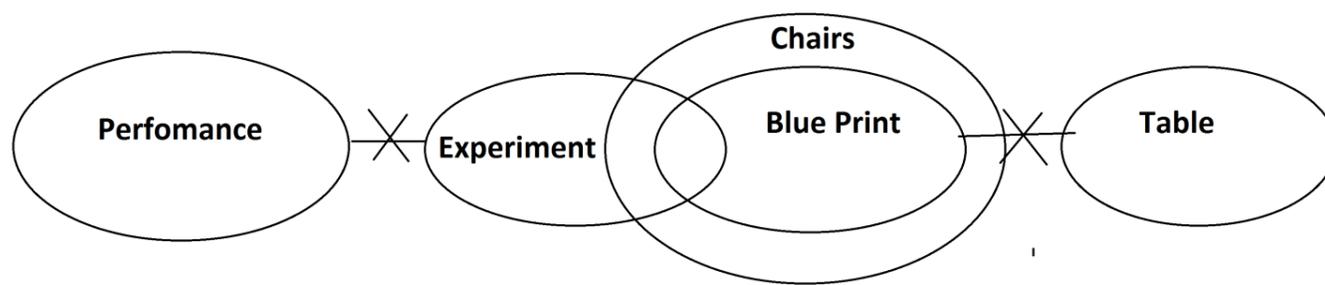
(Note : You have to take the four given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts and then decide which of the given conclusions logically does not follow from the given statements.)

1. **Statements :** No performance is an experiment. Some experiments are Blueprints. No blueprint is a table. All blueprints are chairs.

- A** Conclusion : Some experiments are definitely not tables.
- B** Conclusion : At least some experiments are chairs.
- C** Conclusion : All chairs being performances is a possibility
- D** Conclusion : All tables being experiments is a possibility.
- E** Conclusion : All blueprints can never be performances.

Solution

The least possible diagram for the given statements are as below:



A. Conclusion : Some experiments are definitely not tables This is true.

B. Conclusion : At least some experiments are chairs This is true.

C. Conclusion : All chairs being performances is a possibility It is not possible.

D. Conclusion : All tables being experiments is a possibility This is true.

E. Conclusion : All blueprints can never be performances This is true.

Direction: In these questions four statements followed by five conclusions are given, one of which definitely does not logically follow for is not a possibility of economical) from the given statements. That conclusion is your answer.

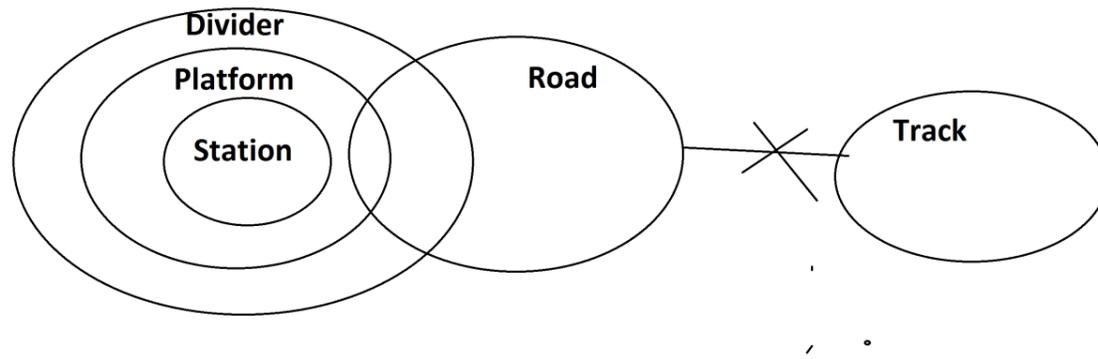
(Note : You have to take the four given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts and then decide which of the given conclusions logically does not follow from the given statements.)

2. **Statements :** All stations are platforms. All platforms are dividers. Some platforms are roads. No road is a track.

- A** Conclusion : All stations are dividers.
- B** Conclusion : Some platforms are definitely not tracks.
- C** Conclusion : All tracks being stations is a possibility.
- D** Conclusion : All dividers being tracks is a possibility
- E** Conclusion : Some dividers are roads.

Solution

The least possible diagram for the given statements are below:



- A. Conclusion : All stations are dividers This is true.
- B. Conclusion : Some platforms are definitely not tracks This is true.
- C. Conclusion : All tracks being stations is a possibility This is true.
- D. Conclusion : All dividers being tracks is a possibility It is not possible.
- E. Conclusion : Some dividers are roads This is true.

Direction: In these questions, two/three statement followed by two conclusions numbered I and II have been given. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows the given statements?

3. **Statements :** Some planets are stars. All stars are comets. No comet is an astronaut.

Conclusions :

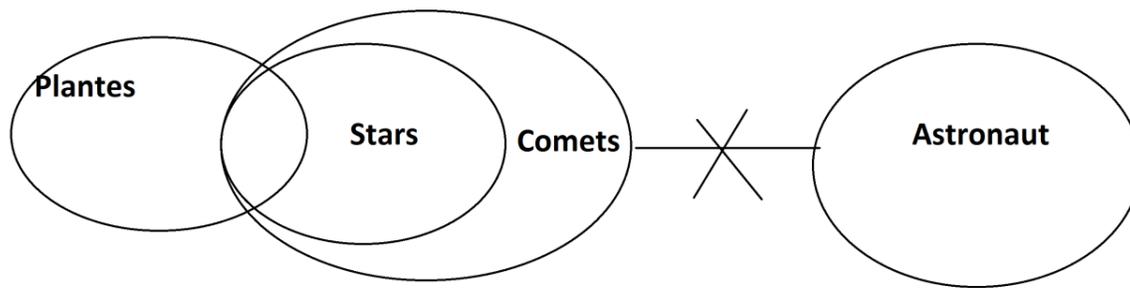
I. No star is an astronaut.

II. All astronauts are planets.

- A** If only conclusion I is true
- B** If both conclusions I and II are true
- C** If either conclusion I or II is true
- D** If only conclusion II is true
- E** If neither conclusion I nor II true

Solution

The least possible diagram for the given statements are below:



Conclusions : I. No star is an astronaut \rightarrow It is true. Hence, conclusion I follows.

II. All astronauts are planets \rightarrow It is possible but not definite. Hence, conclusion II does not follow.

Hence, only conclusion I follows.

Direction: In these questions, two/three statement followed by two conclusions numbered I and II have been given. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows the given statements?

4. **Statements :** Some planets are stars. All stars are comets. No comet is an astronaut.

Conclusions :

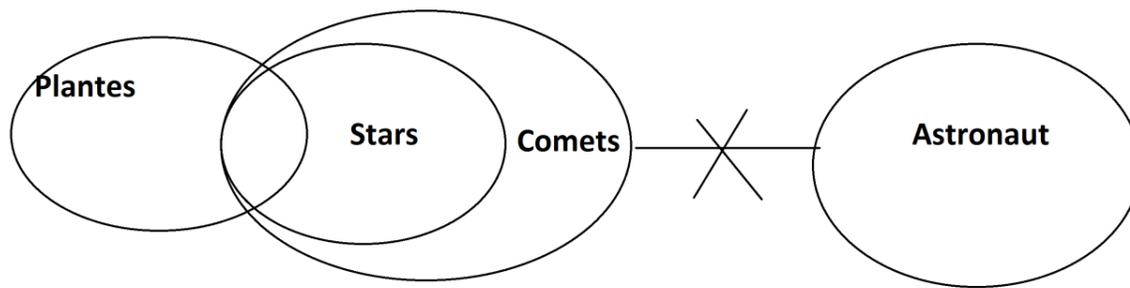
I. Some planets being astronauts is a possibility.

II. At least some comets are planets.

- A** If only conclusion I is true
- B** If both conclusions I and II are true
- C** If either conclusion I or II is true
- D** If only conclusion II is true
- E** If neither conclusion I nor II true

Solution

The least possible diagram for the given statements are below:



Conclusions :

I. Some planets being astronauts is a possibility \rightarrow The possibility is true.

II. At least some comets are planets \rightarrow It is true. Hence, conclusion II follows.

Hence, both conclusion I and II follows.

Direction: In these questions, two/three statement followed by two conclusions numbered I and II have been given. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows the given statements?

5. **Statements :** All trains are buses. All buses are rickshaws. No rickshaw is a plane.

Conclusions :

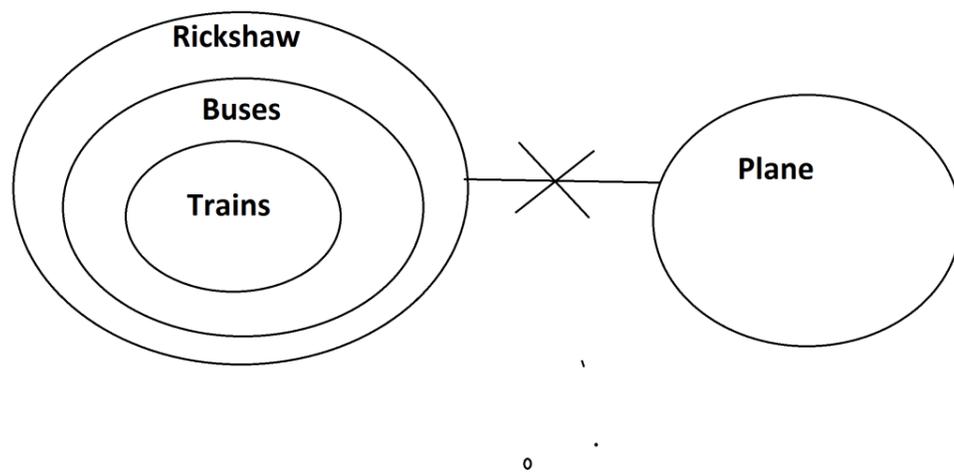
I. All trains are rickshaws.

II. All plains being trains is a possibility.

- A** If only conclusion I is true
- B** If both conclusions I and II are true
- C** If either conclusion I or II is true
- D** If neither conclusion I nor II true
- E** If only conclusion II is true

Solution

The least possible diagram is shown as below:



Conclusions :

- I. All trains are rickshaws \rightarrow It is true. Hence, conclusion I follows.
- II. All plains being trains is a possibility \rightarrow This is not possible. Hence, conclusion II does not follow.

Hence, only conclusion I follows.

6. **Directions :** Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions.

In a certain code language,

‘decision packet arrange step’ is coded as ‘rw la za ma’

‘trea tefficient packet arrange ’is coded as ‘ka pa rw za’

‘treat loop arrange step’ is coded as ‘gs ka la za’

‘loop efficient process technology’ is coded as ‘gs pa ta ba’

A. **If ‘Process’ is coded as ‘ta’ then what is the code for ‘technology’?**

A rw

B ka

C za

D ba

E None of these

Solution

As per given information, codes of words are :

arrange-----za

Packet----- rw

Step ----- la

Treat----- ka

Loop----- gs

Decision--- ma

Efficient ----- pa

Process/ technology----- ta/ba.



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B. What is the code for 'arrange packet' in the given code language?

A pa gs

B za rw

C la za

D rw gs

E None of these

Solution

As per given information, codes of words are :

arrange-----za

Packet----- rw

Step ----- la

Treat----- ka

Loop----- gs

Decision--- ma

Efficient ----- pa

Process/ technology----- ta/ba.

C. Which of the following may be the code for 'efficient technology'?

A gs ka

B ma ta

C pa ta

D ta ba

E

Can't be determined

Solution

As per given information, codes of words are :

arrange-----za

Packet----- rw

Step ----- la

Treat----- ka

Loop----- gs

Decision--- ma

Efficient ----- pa

Process/ technology----- ta/ba.

D. What is the code for 'efficient'?

A

pa

B

gs

C

ma

D

ba

E None of these

Solution

As per given information, codes of words are :

arrange-----za

Packet----- rw

Step ----- la

Treat----- ka

Loop----- gs

Decision--- ma

Efficient ----- pa

Process/ technology----- ta/ba.

E. What is the code for 'step' ?

A gs

B ta

C la

D ka

E None of these

Solution

As per given information, codes of words are :

arrange-----za

Packet----- rw

Step ----- la

Treat----- ka

Loop----- gs

Decision--- ma

Efficient ----- pa

Process/ technology----- ta/ba.

