

Civics Quiz 2024

1. Which of the following is not a fundamental human right according to international law?

- A) Right to education
- B) Right to privacy
- C) Right to leisure
- D) Right to discrimination

2. Who is one of the key founders of the MKSS?

- A) Aruna Roy
- B) Medha Patkar
- C) Anna Hazare
- D) Kailash Satyarthi

3. Which of the following entities are covered under the Freedom of Information Act 2002?

- A) Private companies

- B) Non-governmental organizations (NGOs)
- C) Government bodies and public authorities
- D) International organizations

4. Who used the word 'Lokpal' for the first time?

- A) Pranab Mukarji
- B) Morarji R. Desai
- C) Laxmi Mall Singhvi
- D) V.P. Singh

5. Who can be appointed as the chairman of the National Human Rights Commission?

- A) Any sitting judge of the Supreme Court
- B) Any retired Chief Justice of the Supreme Court
- C) Any person appointed by the President
- D) Retired Chief Justice of any High Court

6. What is the primary focus of the Mazdoor Kisan Shakti Sangathan (MKSS)?

- A) Urban Development
- B) Educational Reforms
- C) Labor Rights and Transparency in Governance
- D) Healthcare Reforms

7. Under the Freedom of Information Act 2002, within how many days must public authorities respond to a request for information?

- A) 10 days
- B) 30 days
- C) 45 days
- D) 60 days

8. Who headed the India Against Corruption protest which led to the passing of the Lokpal and Lokayukta bill?

- A) Arundhati Roy
- B) Anna Hazare

- C) Medha Patkar
- D) Prashant Bhushan

9. Which day is celebrated as World Human Rights Day?

- A) February 27
- B) December 10
- C) August 25
- D) March 1

10. In which Indian state was the Mazdoor Kisan Shakti Sangathan (MKSS) founded?

- A) Uttar Pradesh
- B) Maharashtra
- C) Rajasthan
- D) Kerala

11. Which section of the Freedom of Information Act 2002 deals with the exemption of certain types of information from disclosure?

- A) Section 8
- B) Section 10
- C) Section 18
- D) Section 22

12. In which year was the Lokpal and Lokayukta bill passed?

- A) 1966
- B) 1986
- C) 2011
- D) 2013

13. Which of the following is a core principle of Human Rights Law?

- A) Universality
- B) Particularity
- C) Exclusivity
- D) Relativity

14. In what year was the Mazdoor Kisan Shakti Sangathan (MKSS) established?

- A) 1974
- B) 1981
- C) 1990
- D) 1995

15. Who can file a request for information under the Freedom of Information Act 2002?

- A) Only Indian citizens
- B) Any individual or organization
- C) Government officials
- D) Only registered NGOs

16. Which Indian state was the first to introduce Lokayukta?

- A) Maharashtra
- B) Kerala
- C) Bihar

D) Uttar Pradesh

17. The MKSS is best known for its role in advocating for which landmark legislation in India?

A) The Right to Education Act

B) The National Food Security Act

C) The Right to Information Act

D) The Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act

18. Which of the following is not the function of the National Human Rights Commission?

A) To interfere in the proceedings related to any human rights violation case pending in the court

B) Protecting the human rights of prisoners

C) To provide Economic compensation to any human rights violation victim

D) Promoting research in the field of human rights

19. Which body is responsible for overseeing the implementation of the Freedom of Information Act 2002?

- A) Central Information Commission
- B) Supreme Court of India
- C) National Human Rights Commission
- D) Ministry of Home Affairs

20. When did The Lokpal and Lokayuktas Act, 2013 come into force in India?

- A) January 16, 2014
- B) March 2, 2011
- C) December 17, 2013
- D) October 11, 2012

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Answers

- 1:** D) Right to discrimination
- 2:** A) Aruna Roy
- 3:** C) Government bodies and public authorities
- 4:** C) Laxmi Mall Singhvi
- 5:** B) Any retired Chief Justice of the Supreme Court

6: C) Labor Rights and Transparency in Governance

Answer: B) 30 days

Answer: B) Anna Hazare

Answer: B) December 10

Answer: C) Rajasthan

Answer: D) Section 22

Answer: D) 2013

Answer: A) Universality

Answer: C) 1990

Answer: A) Only Indian citizens

Answer: A) Maharashtra

Answer: C) The Right to Information Act

Answer: C) To provide Economic compensation to any human right violation victim

Answer: A) Central Information Commission

Answer: A) January 16, 2014

