

SO BIOLOGY ANSWER KEY CODE - A



- . Which one of the following statements is not correct?
 - A) Calmodulin is a multifunctional intermediate calcium-binding messenger found universally in plants, animals and eukaryotic micro-organisms.
 - B) Calmodulin acts as a part of calcium signal transduction pathway by modifying its interest its interactions with various target proteins such as kinases or phosphatases.
 - C) Binding of Ca²⁺ is required for the activation of calmodulin.
 - D) Each molecule of calmodulin contains two binding sites for calcium.
- 2. Find out the measure of central tendency which requires data arrangement in descending or ascending order for its calculation.
 - A) Arithmetic mean

B) Mode

C) Median

D) All of the above



- 3. Which of the following statements are correct about numerical taxonomy?
 - i. It is a field primarily connected with procedural or operational problems.
 - It includes the drawing of phylogenetic inferences from the data by statistical or other mathematical methods.
 - iii. It is not based on phenetic evidences but is based on phylogenetic probabilities.
 - iv. It is the numerical evaluation of the similarity between groups of organisms and the ordering of these groups into higher-ranking taxa on the basis of those similarities.

A) Only i and iv

B) Only i and iii

C) Only i, ii and iv

D) Only i, ii and iii

4. Out of the total 64 codons, 61 codons code for 20 amino acids, this suggests

A) Overlapping of codons

B) Ambiguous nature of codons

C) Degeneracy of codons

D) Collinearity of genetic code



- Given below are statements pertaining to ANOVA technique. Identify the incorrect statement.
 - A) The essence of ANOVA is that the total amount of variation in a set of data is broken down into two types, that amount which can be attributed to chance and that amount which can be attributed to specific causes.
 - B) In ANOVA model, the different components of variance should follow multiplicative law.
 - C) The purpose of ANOVA technique is to test the homogeneity of several population means.
 - ANOVA test helps to determine the significance or randomness of the results of an experiment.



- 6. Zinc-fingers are important in eukaryotic cell metabolism because they are
 - A) Structural motifs in many DNA-binding proteins
 - B) Catalytic site of many metabolic enzymes
 - C) Needed for chromosome organization
 - Used in RNA silencing



- The following statements are made on transposons.
 - The two most common families of moderately repeated sequences in human DNA – the Alu and L1 families are DNA transposons.
 - DNA transposons are segments of DNA that move from one place to another via a cut and paste mechanism.
 - Approximately 40 percent of the human genome consists of DNA transposons and more than 3% consists of retrotransposons.
 - iv. Retrotransposons operate by means of a copy-and-paste mechansim that involves an RNA intermediate.

Which one of the following combinations of above statements is correct?

A) Only i and iv

B) Only ii and iv

C) Only i and iii

D) Only ii and iii



8. Which of the following is not th	e part of DNA polymerase III holoenzyme ?
SSB proteins	B) β-clamps
C) Core polymerases	D) γ-clamp loader
Given below are few statement	ts regarding the controlling of the cell cycle.
i. The cell cycle is controlled p	orimarily at two points - START and G1-M transition
ii. Cdc25 normally plays a ke phosphates from Cdk1.	y role in the G ₂ /M transition by removing inhibitor
iii. Sic1 acts as Cdk inhibitor d	uring G ₁ .
iv. Entry of a cell into M phase	is triggered by the activation of MPF.
Which one of the following com	binations of above statements is incorrect?
A) Only i	B) Only ii
C) Only i and iii	D) Only ii and iv



- 10. Which of the following statements is/are not correct about the term species?
 - i. It may be regarded as morphologically definable units, made up of groups of individuals which are not usually interbreeding and containing one or more gene
 - ii. The biological species concept was advanced by Ernst Mayr.
 - iii. It is a community of cross-fertilizing individuals linked together by bonds of mating and isolated reproductively from other species by barriers to mating.
 - iv. Members of the same species are reproductively compatible, but are reproductively isolated from other species.
 - B) Only ii
 D) Only i and ii A) Only i Only iii and iv



11. Enlisted below are different types of sampling methods (Column - A) and explanation (Column - B), but not in the same order.

Column - A

- 1. Stratified sampling
- 2. Probability sampling
- Systematic sampling

4. Non-probability sampling

Choose the correct combination.

- p. Researchers select members of the population at a regular interval
- q. Items for the sample are selected deliberately by the researcher
- r. The population is divided into several sub-populations that are individually more homogenous than the total population and then select item from each group to constitute a sample
- s. Every item of the universe has an equal chance of inclusion in the sample



- Which of the following is not an example of transmembrane transport between different sub-cellular compartments?
 - A) Transport from mitochondrial intermembrane space into the mitochondrial matrix
 - B) Transport from cytoplasm into the lumen of endoplasmic reticulum
 - C) Transport from endoplasmic reticulum to Golgi complex
 - D) Transport from stroma into thylakoid space



- 13. Which of the following statements is/are an objective of PPV and FR Act, 2001?
 - A) To establish an effective system for the protection of plant varieties, the rights of farmers and plant breeders and to encourage the development of new varieties of plants.
 - B) Facilitate the growth of seed industry in the country which will ensure the availability of high quality seeds and planting material to the farmers.
 - C) To recognize and protect the rights of farmers in respect of their contributions made at any time in conversing, improving and making available plant genetic resources for the development of new plant varieties.
 - D) All of the above
- 14. The design of two oligonucleotide primers is the key to the success of a PCR reaction. Choose the statement which is not correct about the primers.
 - A) The primers have to be complementary to the sequences flanking the target DNA.
 - B) They must be complementary to each other.
 - C) The primers have to be matched in their G + C content.
 - D) They should have similar annealing temperature.



15. Column – A lists the types of variables and Column – B lists the explanation of these variables, but not in the same order. Match both the columns carefully and select the correct option from those listed below them.

Column - A

- Dependent variable
- 2. Independent variable

- 3. Continuous variable
- 4. Extraneous variable
- A) 1 q, 2 p, 3 s, 4 r
 - B) 1-q, 2-s, 3-r, 4-p
 - C) 1-s, 2-r, 3-q, 4-p
 - D) 1 r, 2 s, 3 q, 4 p

- Variables that are not related to the purpose of the study, but may affect the outcomes of the research study
- q. Variables which can take on an unlimited number of values between the lowest and highest points of measurement
- The variable, value of which may change due to change in the value of other variables
- s. It is the variable that stands alone and is not changed by other factors



 Given below are set of statistical methods (Column – A) and their applications in biological research (Column – B) biological research (Column – B), but not in the same order. Column - B

Column - A

- Regression analysis
- Spearman's coefficient of correlation
- 3. Variance
- Chi-square analysis

Choose the correct combination.

- p. Calculate the deviation between observed and expected values.
- q. Measure the spread of a distribution
- r. Prediction of value of a dependent variable based on known value of an associated variable
- s. Measure the degree of association between two variables



17. Following are few statements regarding sandwich ELISA. Find the option with incorrect statement.

- A) It measures the amount of antigen between two layers of antibodies (i.e., capture and detection antibody).
- B) The advantage of this method is that the sample doesn't have to be purified before analysis.
- C) Monoclonal or polyclonal antibodies cannot be used as the capture and detection antibodies in this method.
- D) The antigen to be measured must contain at least two antigenic sites capable of binding to antibody.



 Given below is a list of analytical techniques (Column – A) and their characteristics (Column – B), but not in correct order.

Column - A

i. SDS-PAGE

- ii. Affinity chromatography
- iii. Mass spectrometry
- iv. X-ray crystallography

Choose the correct combination.

- A) i d, ii a, iii b, iv c
- C) i-c, ii-d, iii-b, iv-a

- Used to determine the three-dimensional molecular structure of proteins and biological macromolecules
- Separation of proteins on the basis of their molecular mass
- This purification technique takes advantage of the unique structural properties of a protein
- d. An analytical technique that separates ionized particles such as atoms, molecules and clusters by using differences in the mass-to-charge ratio

B)
$$i - c$$
, $ii - a$, $iii - b$, $iv - d$
D) $i - b$, $ii - c$, $iii - d$, $iv - a$





Which one of the following statements about miRNAs is not true?

A) miRNAs carry out translational level regulation by inducing the degradation of

B) miRNA are a class of short, non-coding RNA molecule, play a significant role in the regulation of gene expression at the transcriptional level.

C) miRNA can repress the synthesis of proteins at some point after the initiation of translation has occurred.

D) A typical miRNA is partially complementary to a region in the 3'UTR of the mRNA target.



- 20. Which one of the following statements about phase contrast microscope is correct?
 - A) The phase contrast microscope is not useful for examining intracellular components of living cells at relatively high resolution.
 - y B) Phase contrast microscopy is a technique used for gaining contrast in translucent specimen with staining the specimen.
 - C) The phase contrast microscope converts differences in refractive index of different parts of an object into differences in intensity, which are visible to the eye.
 - D) In negative phase contrast, a light specimen will have a bright halo on a light background.
- 21. Which one of the following microscopy works on the principle of interferometry to gain information about the optical path length of the sample, to see otherwise invisible features?
 - A) Nomarski microscopy
 - C) Scanning electron microscopy

- B) Fluorescence microscopy
- D) Scanning tunneling microscopy

ENTRI

- 22.) The following are the statements about K_m value.
 - i. It is one half of maximum reaction velocity.
 - ii. The values of K_m are measured in terms of molarity.
 - iii. By knowing the K_m value of a particular enzyme-substrate system, one can predict whether the cell needs more enzyme or more substrate to speed up the enzymatic reaction.
 - iv. If an enzyme can catalyze a reaction with two similar substrates in the cell, it will prefer that substrate for which the enzyme has lower K_m value.

Which of the above statements is/are true?

A) Only i

B) Only ii

- C) Only iii and iv
- D) All of the above
- 23. Which of the following is correct Michaelis-Menten equation?

A)
$$V = \frac{K_m + [S]}{V_{max}[S]}$$

C)
$$V = \frac{V_{max} + [S]}{K_m[S]}$$

B)
$$V = \frac{V_{\text{max}}[S]}{K_m + [S]}$$

D) None of the above



	- Jants during senescence	1
	Concentration of which of the following hormones increase in plants during senescence	
24	Concentration of which of the following hormones include:	

- Auxin and gibberellin

- B) Cytokinins
- D) Cytokinin and auxin
- Given below are group of inhibitors of oxidative phosphorylation and electron transport chain (Column. A) chain (Column – A) and their roles (Column – B), in a random order.

Column - A

- Oligomycins
- Atractylic acid
- Rotenone
- Cyanides

Choose the correct combination.

- A) 1 c, 2 d, 3 a, 4 b
- C) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b, 4-d

- a. Inhibit flow of electrons from cyt. a3 to O2 in the last place of electron transport chain
- b. Blocking the activity of enzyme ATPase in the inner mitochondrial membrane
- c. Blocking ADP-ATP antiport in the inner mitochondrial membrane
- d. Check the flow of electrons from Fe-S protein in the complex-I to Ubiquinone



- 26. How many molecules of NADPH and ATP respectively are required for the fixation of 6CO₂ molecules into one hexose sugar molecule through Calvin cycle ? B) 12 NADPH and 18 ATP
 - A) 12 NADPH and 12 ATP
 - C) 18 NADPH and 12 ATP

- D) 18 NADPH and 18 ATP
- 27. Following statements are related to the β -oxidation of fatty acids.
 - β-hydroxyacyl CoA is dehydrogenated and form β-keto fatty acyl CoA.
 - Thioclastic cleavage of β-keto fatty acyl-CoA into fatty acyl-CoA and acetyl CoA.
 - 3. The activation of fatty acids in the presence of ATP and enzyme thiokinase . and produce fatty acyl-CoA.
 - Two hydrogen atoms are removed between α and β-C atoms and a trans α, β-unsaturated fatty acyl-CoA is formed in the presence of acyl-CoA dehydrogenase.
 - 5. The addition of a water molecule across the double bond to form corresponding β-hydroxyacyl-CoA in the presence of enoyl hydrase.

Which one of the following combinations of the above statements is in the correct sequential order?

- A) 2, 3, 1, 4, 5
- B) 3, 2, 1, 4, 5

D) 2, 3, 5, 4, 1



- 28. Which of the following statements is incorrect?
 - A) Vernalized plant can be devernalized by treatment with high temperature.
 - B) Vernalization shortens the vegetative period of the plants.
 - C) Vernalization increases the cold resistance of the plants.
 - D) Vernalization is an anaerobic process.



29.	Which of the following mineral photosynthesis?	ions are required for the photolysis of water in
	A) Mn++ and Cl ⁻ ions	B) K+ and Cl ⁻ ions
	C) Mg++ and K+ ions	D) Zn++ and Cl ⁻ ions
30.	Fluorescence In Situ Hybridization	n (FISH) techniques are used for the detection of
	A) mRNA	B) Glycoprotein
	C) Specific DNA	D) Protein sequences
31.	Which among the following is not	a primary nucleotide database ?
	A) NCBI B) EMBL	C) DDBJ D) PIR



32. Artificial competence in cells using	calcium chloride method was discovered by
A) Mandel and Higa	B) John Sanford
C) Douglas Bangham	D) Newmann and Potter
33. DOT blot is a technique used to de	etect
A) DNA	B) RNA
C) Proteins	D) Recombinants
34. The transfer of gene to target plant	t cell using a very thin needle is called
A) Liposome transfer	B) Microinjection
K C) Electroporation	D) Gene gun
35. Which Committee has been constitute on genetically modified research productions and the second	uted by the Government of India to keep a check roduct?
*A) ICMR B) GEAC	C) NCCS D) IARI



36	6. Homozygosity ar	nd heterozygosity	of an individ	dual can be	determin	ned by
	A) Test cross	B) Back cros	s C)	Self-fertiliz	zation	D) Alleles
37	7. Which among the	e following is not a	n autosoma	al recessive	genetic	disorder?
	 A) Cystic fibrosis 	3	B)	Haemophi	lia	
	C) Sickle cell and	emia	D)	Albinism		
38	Which amino acid	d has the triplet co	don GUU ?			
	A) Gly	B) Val	C)	Ala		D) Asp
39.	Which of the following chromosome?	ng phase is involved	I in the conv	ersion of ch	romatin to) A
	A) G1-phase	B) S-phase	C) M-ph	nase	D) G2	-phase
40.	The phage transduce is observed in	es those bacterial ger	nes only whi	ch are adjoir	ing to the	prophage
[A) Lambda Phage	B) P1 Phage	C) Phag	ge P22	D) All	of the above



41)	Which of the following A) Curcumin	g is a dietary compo B) Genistein	ound having epigenetic C) Isothiocyanates	effect ? D) All of the above
	Who coined the term A) Sutton	P) Hoffmeister	C) Waldeyer	D) Boveri
43.	Which one among the	e following factors of	loes not affect the Hard	y rromborg
	A) Mutation	B) Conetic drift	C) Gene migration	D) Nutrition
	C) Living media		sed of chemically define B) Synthetic media D) Natural media	577,579
45.	Which of the following	component is an un	organised extracellular la	ayer that surro
40 3.	the bacterial cell wall A) Slime layer	? B) Capsule	C) Peptidoglycans	D) LPS lay



46	. The primary agenda	of the Kyoto Protoco	ol is			
	A) Control of Green		B)	Save Energy		
	C) Soil Conservation		D)	Save Water		
47	.) Which method of ste A) Autoclaving	rilization is called fra B) Boiling	ction C)	al sterilization ? Tyndallization	D)	Pasteurization
48	Which among the fol	lowing group of virus	es c	auses SARS diseas	se?	
9	A) Corona viruses	B) Rhino viruses	C)	Influenza viruses	D)	RSV
69	Which is an example	of secondary air pol	lutan	it?		
(A) Carbon monoxide		B)			
	C) Sulfur oxides		D)	Lead		
50.	Vineyard sprayer's lu	ng disease is due to	chro	nic poisoning of		
	A) Arsenic	B) Lead		_	D)	Mercury



51	Examples of Echin	oderm are		11+1
	A) Sea urchins	B) Sand dollars	C) Sea biscuits	D) All of the abov
52.	The maximum volu called	me of air contained	in the lung by a full for	ced inhalation is
*	A) Ventilation rate		B) Tidal volume	
	C) Vital capacity		D) Total lung cap	acity
53.	Only right aortic are	hes are present in		
	A) Birds	B) Mammals	C) Reptiles	D) Fishes



- 54. Which of the following statements about Placozoa is/are correct?
 - A) It is a minor phylum of minute flat organisms.
 - B) These are marine invertebrates.
 - C) These are simplest metazoans.
 - D) All of the above
- 55. Kidneys in the human body extend from
 - A) 12th thoracic vertebrae to 3rd lumbar vertebrae
 - B) 10th thoracic vertebrae to 5th lumbar vertebrae
 - C) 8th thoracic vertebrae to 12th lumbar vertebrae
 - D) 5th thoracic vertebrae to 3rd lumbar vertebrae



56.	Chromophil cells in a	annelids are concerne	d with the secretion	of	
	A) Amylase	B) Protease	C) Lipase	D)	Cocoon
57.	Antioxidants fight ag A) Viruses	B) Fungus	C) Free radicals		Bacteria
58	Which of the following	ng is the uncharged d	erivative of an acidic	amino	acid?
	A) Cystine	B) Tyrosine	C) Serine	D)	Glutamine
	Black stinging catfish freshwater fish of Keits scientific name is A) Heteropneustes B) Heteropneustes C) Heteropneustes D) Heteropneustes	fossilis (Bloch) longipectoralis Remai microps (Gunther)	ts scientific name onl	y recer	delicious ntly, in 2021;



60.	The systems that work together to regu	ulate water balance of t	he body are
	A) Digestive and cardiovascular	B) Urinary and re	
	C) Cardiovascular and respiratory	D) Urinary and ca	ardiovascular
61.	Which of the following parts of the brai	n regulates the respirat	tory process?
	A) The vagus nerve	B) Cerebral pedu	ncle
	C) Medulla oblongata	D) Cerebellum	
62.	Isotopes of an element have a differen	t number of	+
	A) Proton B) Neutron	C) Electron	D) Atom
63.	Digestion of proteins occurs in		
	A) Ileum B) Liver	C) Pancreas	D) Rectum
64.	The strongest bond is	1	
	A) Electrostatic	B) Covalent bond	
	C) Hydrogen bonding	D) Van der waals	



- 65. Name the first cell which is recruited at the place of infection.
 - A) Nk cells

- B) Basophils
- C) Neutrophils
- D) Macrophages

- 66. The specificity of an antibody is due to
 - A) The heavy chains
 - B) Its valence
 - C) The variable portion of the heavy and light chain
 - D) The Fc portion of the molecule
- 67. According to Boyle's Law of Gases
 - A) The pressure and volume of a gas are equal
 - B) As the temperature goes up, the pressure goes up
 - C) The total gas pressure is equal to the sum of the partial pressures
 - If the volume goes up, the pressure goes down
- 68. If there is any damage in the hypothalamus of brain, it may affect
 - A) Regulation of body temperature
- B) Decision making
- C) Co-ordination during locomotion
- D) Short-term memory



69.	Primary immune A) IgE	reaction is given by B) IgM	C) IgA	D) IgG
70.	"Blood bank" of t A) Lungs	he body is B) Heart	C) Spleen	D) Liver
71.	The endocrine gland A) Thyroid gland C) Thymus gland		ical clock of the body i B) Pituitary gland D) Pineal gland	
72.	These substances to a larger molecu A) Antibody		c) Hapten	less they are bound D) Virus
73.	Which of the follow	wing is not a plasma	protein?	
	A) Fibrinogen	B) Albumin	C) Globulin	D) Fibronectin



74	Lining of the trachea is made up of A) Stratified epithelium ? C) Simple cuboidal epithelium			squamous ostratified e	s epithelium epithelium
75.	How many types of antibodies are there ? A) Five B) Three	C)	Two		D) Four
76.	Comprehension of spoken and written wor A) Broca's area C) Association area	B)	akes pla Wernici None o	ke's area	h area of brain ?



	Which of the following statements is true A) It can protect the mucosal surface. B) It can cross the placenta. C) It is produced by high-affinity plasma D) It is primarily restricted in the circular	cells.	of humans?	
78.	How many lobes are present in human	left lung ? C) 3	D) 1	
79.	Which of the following compounds is no A) Lysozyme B) Lactoferin	t found in tears ? C) IgA) lg	jΕ



80. B cells that produce and release large a	B cells that produce and release large amounts of antibodies are called		
A) Neutrophils B) Killer cells	C) Plasma cells D) Basophils		
81. is used to silence the exp	ression of specific genes.		
A) Gene silencer	B) Dot blot technique		
C) RNA interference	D) Protein interference		
82. First gene responsible for human genetic was the gene of	First gene responsible for human genetic disease was isolated by positional cloning was the gene of		
A) Sickle cell disease	B) Cystic fibrosis		
C) Marfan syndrome	D) None of the above		
83, produced by genetic engi	produced by genetic engineering is used to dissolve blood clot.		
A) Interferons B) Thymosin	C) Beta Endorphin PD) Urokinase		



84.	Golden rice is a tra	ansgenic crop of the	future wi	th the following	improved trait
	A) Insect resistan			High lysine con	
	C) High Vitamin A	content	D)	Herbicide resist	ance
85.		ecially bred fish that of environmental pollut		ect pollution by s	electively fluorescing
	A) Glo Fish	B) F-Fish	C)	Flurofish	D) Gemfish
86.	A monoclonal antibody that has catalytic activity				
Γ	A) Abzyme		B)	Antienzymes	
Ą	C) Allosteric enzy	mes	D)	None of the ab	ove
87.	are to		d to vac	cine preparation	n that help aid in the
	A) Alums	B) Ligases	C)	Adjuvants	D) Synzymes
88.	Mouse in which normal gene has been disabled is called				
3	 A) Knock out mou 	se	B)	Knock in mous	е
	C) Nude mouse	and 1	D)	SCID mouse	



A) Prothoracic gland B) Antennules C) Mandib	D) Green glands
90. Blastulae produced by spiral cleavage is called	blastula D) Periblastula
A) Coeloblastula B) Discoblastula C) Stereo 91. Tissue that produce signal that changes the cellular be A) Transducer C) Responder D) None o	the above
92. Coding regions of eukaryotes is called A) Introns C) Muton B) Exons D) None of	the above
93. Exogenous agents that causes birth defects called A) Teratogens B) Royalactin C) Polyphological Company (C) Polyphological C	enism D) Polymorphism



94. Expanded form of BMP isA) Bone Morphogenetic ProteinsC) Bis Phenol Proteins	B) Bone marrow Morphogenetic Proteins Bipolar Interferons
A) Pleuripotent cells C) Unipotent cells	B) Totipotent cells D) None of the above
96. The entrance of more than one sperr called A) Monospermy B) Polyspermy	m during fertilization resulting the aneuploidy is C) Induction D) Transduction
 The person from which pedigree is in A) Promoter B) Lod score 	C) Proband D) Probe



98.	A) Edward Syndrome C) Cri-du-chat Syndrome		B) Patau Syndrome D) Down Syndrome	
99.		Prize in Physiology i B) Annie Ernaux		D) Alain Aspect
00.	When the plasma of a person has both anti A and anti B antibodies, the blood ground find this person would be			

B) Group AB

A) Group A

C) Group O

D) Group B



THANK YOU