

1. Codicology is the study of which following discipline?
 A) Canon Law B) Codex (Manuscript)
 C) Inscriptions D) Biography
2. The common prayers of west Syrian liturgy..
 A) Shimo B) Thaksa C) Penquitho D) Hudra
3. Who among the following is known as the 'Tongue of the East'?
 A) Jacob of Serugh B) St. Ephrem
 C) Balai D) Narsai
4. How many odes are there in the collection entitled "The odes of Solomn":
 A) 40 B) 41 C) 39 D) 42
5. To which syllabic type does 'Balaite' metre belong ?
 A) Penta Syllabic B) Hexa Syllabic
 C) Octo Syllabic D) Tetra Syllabic
6. The orthographical specialty by which certain letters are not pronounced is called:
 A) Occulation B) Substitution C) Assimilation D) Metathesis
7. ----- convoked and presided over the Synod at Diamper.
 A) Mar Abraham B) Menezes
 C) Rocos D) George
8. ----- regarded as the first hymnologist in Syriac.
 A) Harmonius B) Bardaisan C) St. Ephrem D) Zenobius
9. The author of the poem 'Paradise of Eden':
 A) Marutha B) Cyrillona
 C) Abdisho of Soba D) St. Ephrem
10. The literary genre to which 'The Cherub and thief' belong:
 A) Hagiography B) Sogiyatha
 C) Memra D) Madrasho
11. Kuravilangadu is famous for Syriac inscription on:
 A) Altar B) Door C) Wall D) Bell

12. Mar Saphor and Prodh reached Kerala in:
A) A D 735 B) A D 823 C) A D 541 D) A D 345
13. The author of 'Universal Christian Topography':
A) Vascoda Gama B) Pantaneus
C) Mar Jacob D) Cosmos Indicopleustus.
14. Syriac language is included into ----family of languages.
A) Semetic B) Aryans
C) Indo-European D) Dravidian
15. Narsai Press is situated in -----.
A) Pala B) Pampakuda C) Thrissur D) Kunnamkulam
16. The Persian cross that has an inscription in Pahlavi script is situated in:
A) Niranam B) Kottayam C) Mattanchery D) Pala
17. The present west Syriac vowel system devised by:
A) Jacob of Serugh B) Job of Edessa
C) Bar Ebroyo D) Jacob of Edessa
18. The author of 'Diatessaron':
A) St. Ephrem B) Jacob of Aphrahath
C) Tatian D) Justin
19. The practice of writing Syriac in Malayalam script is known as:
A) Kushaya B) Karshon C) Rukaka D) Seva
20. Who is the author of the book 'Syro- Chaldaic Grammar'?
A) Fr.Gabriel of St.Joseph
B) Fr. Thomas Arayithinal
C) Fr. Andrew kalapurackal
D) Fr. Emmanuel C M I
21. 'The Acts of the Persian Martyrs' written by:
A) Narsai B) Cyrillona C) Marutha D) Sahodona
22. Bar Ebroyo's contribution to the field of monastic literature found in his work:
A) Book of Rays B) Book of Dove
C) Book of Ethics D) Book of Direction

23. ----- was one of the disciples of St.Ephrem who became a Core -episcopus of Aleppo.
 A) St. Marutha B) Balai
 C) Jacob of serugh D) Cyrillona
24. The least hellenized Syriac church father during the golden age of Syriac literature:
 A) St. Ephrem B) Jacob of Aphrahat
 C) Cyrillona D) Balai
25. The name of the sign used in Hebrew to indicate semi vowels:
 A) Kusaya B) Rukakha C) Seva D) Seyame
26. -----are two horizontal dots placed above the words to denote the plural number.
 A) Seyame B) Rukakha C) Kusaya D) Seva
27. -----is the theological work of Bar Ebroyo.
 A) Ausar Raza B) Menarath Kudshe
 C) Hewath Hekemtho D) Kethab dhe hadaye
28. ---- is the meaning of ܠܚܕܐ
 A) Betrothal B) Burial C) Baptism D) Blessings
29. The independent Christian kingdom in Malabar was known as:
 A) Jacob Swaroopam B) Diamper
 C) Villarvattam D) Kodungalloor
30. The institute that developed syriac computer fonts:
 A) Araam B) Oxford
 C) Beth madrutho D) SEERI
31. The last Persian bishop who ruled the Syrian Christians in India:
 A) Mar saphor B) Stephen Britto
 C) Mar Joseph D) Mar Abraham
32. ---- became the metropolitan of Mabbugh in 485 AD.
 A) John B) Philoxenus C) Marutha D) George
33. English Education firstly started in Kerala in:
 A) MD Seminary B) MT Seminary
 C) Old Seminary D) Parumala

34. The first latin bishop of Ankamali was:
 A) Alexis Dom Menezis B) Alexander parambil Chandi
 C) Stephen Britto D) Francis Roz
35. ---- was the Arch deacon at the time of Synod of Diamper.
 A) Thomas B) Geevarghese
 C) John D) Mar Abraham
36. The author of Catalogue of Syriac manuscripts in British Museum:
 A) S P Brock B) Anton baumstark
 C) William Wright D) Cyril Moses
37. Who among the following is known as ‘The orator of the Syrians’?
 A) Narsai B) Eprem
 C) Jacob of Sarugh D) Balai
38. ----- is the word meaning of ܕܡܢ ܕܡܢ
 A) Blessings B) Diptychs C) For again D) Offerings
39. The Tharissa church in Kollam was built by:
 A) Mar Sapor B) Saborisho
 C) Thomas of Cana D) Prodh
40. Who translated the entire Peshitha Bible into Malayalam from west syrian tradition in 1994?
 A) Cheppattu philipose Remban
 B) Thomas kayaalparambil
 C) Konaat Mathen Malpan
 D) Kaniyan parambil Kurian
41. ‘Tharissappally Sassanam’ is written in ----language.
 A) Malayalam Vattaezhuthu
 B) East Syriac
 C) Old Tamil
 D) Malayalam Karshon
42. Who took initiative to include Syriac in the curriculum of the University of Serampore and started a Board of Syriac studies in University of Travancore?
 A) Chavara Kuriakose Elias
 B) Romeo Thomas
 C) Arch Bishop Mar Ivaniose
 D) Vattasseril Mar Dionysius

43. ܡܠܬܐ ܕܡܠܬܐ means the prayer of:
 A) Thanks giving B) Epiclesis
 C) Anemnesis D) Blessings
44. ܡܠܬܐ means----.
 A) Verse homily B) Artistic poetry
 C) Voice D) Dialogue poems
45. The root form of the verb ܡܠܬܐ
 A) ܡܠܬܐ B) ܡܠܬܐ C) ܡܠܬܐ D) ܡܠܬܐ
46. The family in Kerala which owns a large collection of Syriac Manuscripts:
 A) Pulikottil B) Panicker C) Vattasseril D) Konat
47. ----- is the final remarks that which is find in the end of the manuscripts.
 A) Codex B) Codicolgy C) Colophon D) Catalogue
48. The author of ‘Thesarus Syriacus’:
 A) R. Payne Smith B) Jessie Payne Smith
 C) Costaz D) Brockelma
49. What is the title of Vander ploeg’s famous book on the Syriac manuscripts in India?
 A) Manuscripts of Malankara Syrians
 B) Syriac manuscripts in Kerala
 C) The St. Thomas Christians in India and their manuscripts
 D) Christians of Malankara and their Syriac heritage
50. Which poet is the first to introduce tetrasyllabic poems?
 A) Bardiasn B) Harmonius C) Balai D) Ephrem
51. The Churches of West Syriac traditions in Kerala use the anaphora of St. James revised by:
 A) Mar Addai and Mari B) Jacob Serugh
 C) Bar Ebroyo D) Michael the Great
52. The author of ‘Liber Gradum’:
 A) Philexenos B) Jacob of Edessa
 C) Ananisho D) Unknown
53. Who wrote the commentary on the ‘Books of Psalms’:
 A) Daniel of salah B) John of Dara
 C) John of Ephesus D) John the Elder

54. The denomination of Syrian Christians which came into being on 20 sep 1930:
 A) Malankara Marthoma Syrian church
 B) Syro- Malabar Catholic church
 C) Anjoor church
 D) Syro- Malankara Catholic church.
55. Which following author's grammar book contains syriac material in both East and West Syriac Scripts?
 A) Arch Bishop Mar Ivaniose
 B) Thomas Arayathinal
 C) Konat Abraham Malpan
 D) Andrew kalapurackal
56. The renowned East Syriac Scholar and poet Abdisho of soba is junior contemporary of:
 A) Jacob of Serugh B) Narsai
 C) Bar- Ebroyo D) Philexiose
57. Who among the following is known as the 'Harp of the Orthodox church'?
 A) John of Dara B) Jacob of Sarugh
 C) Jacob of Edessa D) Narsai
58. The other name of Anjoor church is:
 A) Malankara orthodox church
 B) Thozhiyur church
 C) Church of the East
 D) Malankara Marthoma church
59. The 'Peshitha institute is situated in:
 A) Leiden B) Paris C) Rome D) Damascus
60. Bibliotheca Orientalis which is a survey Syriac literature based on Vatican library was written by:
 A) Rahmani B) J Assemani C) Tomo Audo D) Dolbani
61. 'Hudra' of the Church of East was published from:
 A) Pampakuda B) Mossul C) Urmia D) Thrissur
62. The maronite church belongs to the liturgical family of:
 A) West Syriac B) East Syriac
 C) Latin D) Greek

63. The body parts in pair are usually----in Syriac language.
A) Common B) Masculine C) Neutral D) Feminine
64. The oldest Syriac script:
A) Chaldean B) East Syriac C) Estrangela D) Serto
65. Issac of Nineveh is a ----.
A) Poet B) Mystic C) Historian D) Orator
66. The golden age of Syriac literature is up to ---- century AD.
A) 7th B) 12th C) 4th D) 13th
67. The old testament Syriac translation from the Septuagint is known as:
A) Peshitha B) Syro- Hexpla
C) Philexenion D) Haraklean
68. The Jews translated the Hebrew Bible into Aramaic and these translations are known as:
A) Targum B) Peshitha C) Septuagint D) Vulgate
69. ‘Rampan pattu’ was written by:
A) Manikavasakar B) Rampan Zachariah
C) Z M Parret D) Maliekal Thoma Rampan
70. The memra ‘ On the veil of Moses’ was composed by:
A) Jacob Baradaeus B) Jacob of Edessa
C) Jacob of Bartulli D) Jacob of Serugh
71. The works of Jacob Serugh were edited and published by:
A) T. Kollamparambil B) A. Mingana
C) Assemani D) Paul Bedjan
72. The works of Narsai were edited and published in 1905 by:
A) K McVey B) A. Mingana C) Assemani D) Paul Bedjan
73. The East syrian bishop who brought Christianity to China in AD 635.
A) Alopen B) Yeshoyabh
C) Yaballah D) Shubal maron
74. Where did Ephrem died?
A) Nisibis B) Mardin C) Ain Dulba D) Edessa

75. The decline of Syriac literature that began in the 7th century was due to:
 A) Mongolian invasion B) Arab invasion
 C) Internal conflict D) Zoroastrianism
76. The Syriac word Gedhama (ܓܕܡܐ) means:
 A) Diacritics B) Punctuation C) Cutting off D) Transposition
77. The word thymno (ܬܝܡܢܐ) means:
 A) South B) West C) North D) East
78. ----- contains the office for all the feasts of the liturgical year of west Syriac tradition.
 A) Shimo B) Thaksa C) Penquito D) Hudra
79. The number of Acts mentioned in the Acts of Thomas:
 A) 16 B) 14 C) 9 D) 13
80. ----- are dots used to distinguish words of same letters, but with different meanings.
 A) Nuqze Raurebhe B) Mehaggeyana
 C) Marhethana D) Seva
81. The monument which gives brief account of Christianity in china during seventh and eighth centuries:
 A) Hsian stone B) Acts of Thomas
 C) Gospel of Thomas D) The book of Marco polo
82. Thomas of Cana arrived in Kerala in:
 A) AD 735 B) AD 825 C) AD 541 D) AD 345
83. The king of North India mentioned in the Acts of Thomas.
 A) Haban B) Karsh C) Mazdai D) Gudnaphar
84. According to Acts of Thomas where did Judas and Haban arrive to attend the wedding feast?
 A) Sandruk B) Cragnoore C) Palayoor D) Niranam
85. ----- was the last of the great Syriac writers of the Golden age of Syriac literature.
 A) Bar Ebroyo B) Jacob of Serugh
 C) Jacob of Edessa D) Narsai
86. The word meaning of ܬܝܡܢܐ

- A) Exodus B) Genesis C) Numbers D) Deutronomy
87. In 18th and 19th centuries the Padroado and propaganda bishops ruled:
A) Syro Malankara church B) Marthoma Syrian church
C) Syro Malabar church D) Latin
88. 'The Pancha thanthra' stories in Syriac are:
A) Aesop's fables B) Bidpay
C) Ahikhar D) Kalilah and Dimnah
89. The author of 'Varthamanapusthakam':
A) Kariyattil Joseph B) Z M Parret
C) Parambil Chandy D) Paremackal Thoma
90. Syriac was the Aramaic dialect of:
A) Nisibis B) Urhay C) Edessa D) Tur Abdin
91. ----acquired the epithet 'of the Sedre' for having composed numerous liturgical prayers called 'Sedre'.
A) Gregory B) John C) George D) Job
92. The author of the book 'Hupakh Hushabae' (ܚܘܦܚܟܗ ܚܘܫܒܐܝܐ):
A) Sahodona B) Ishoyabh 111 C) Cyrillona D) Balai
93. 'Compendius Syriac grammar' by Theodore Noldeke was translated into English by:
A) Thackston B) T H Robinson
C) J A Crichton D) Immanuel Thelly
94. -----was the ruler of China who was a friend of Christian not a Christian.
A) Kublaikhan B) Alopen C) Tai-tsung D) Kao- tsu
95. The word meaning of ܡܪܝܬܐ (maudinotho):
A) Marriage B) Betrothal C) Confession D) Confirmation
96. ----is the meaning of ܚܡܝܪܐ (hmeero).
A) Leavened bread B) Unleavened bread
C) Bread D) Food
97. The first west syrian bishop who arrived in Malabar in 1665:
A) Mar Gregoriose B) Yuyakkim Mar Koorilose
C) Eldo Mar Baseliose D) Mar Athanasius

98. Who among the following is known as the 'Persian Sage'?
- A) St. Ephrem B) St. Jacob Of Aphrahath
C) Narsai D) Mari
99. The first 20 of St. Ephrem's 70 hymns known as:
- A) Hymns on Paradise B) Hymns on Faith
C) Carmina Nisibena D) The Pearl
100. The initial name of Marthoma Syrian church is:
- A) Protestant Church B) Reformed party
C) Re – Union movement D) Anjoor church
101. Most of the faithful of Maronite live mainly in:
- A) Syria B) Lebanon C) Egypt D) Palestine
102. The author of 'The Last supper':
- A) Mar Balai B) Marutha C) Barsalibi D) Cyrillona
103. 'Octoechos' was introduced into Syriac music by:
- A) Harmonius B) Bardaisan
C) Simon Kookoyo D) Severus of Antioch
104. The word meaning of **ܫܒܠܬܗ** (Sebaltho) :
- A) Praise B) Supplication C) Stairs D) Verse homily
105. The period of Syriac literature regarded as the period of Hellenization:
- A) 3rd & 4th century B) 5th & 6th century
C) 13th century D) 14th century
106. Who composed 'The book of Union'?
- A) Michael Great B) Babai the Great
C) Anonymous D) Bar Ebroyo
107. 'Liber Gradum' which dates from the 4th century is a collection of ---- Spiritual homilies.
- A) 30 B) 40 C) 20 D) 31
108. In which year was Bar Ebroyo was raised the dignity of Maphrian of the East?
- A) 1253 B) 1264 C) 1253 D) 1286
109. -----wrote commentary on Diatessaron.
- A) Michael Great B) Babai the Great
C) St. Ephrem D) Bar Ebroyo

110. ----- Composed a Syriac version of St. Mathew's gospel in poetic form.
 A) Abraham Konat B) Yakoob 111
 C) Kurian kaniyanparambil D) Mar Aprem
111. The poet who wrote against the teachings of Man, Marcion , Baradaisan:
 A) Cyrillona B) Abdisho C) Balai D) St. Eprem
- 112 . CSCO published from:
 A) Luvain B) Rome C) Paris D) Oxford
113. -----is called the metre of Jacob of Serugh.
 A) Penta syllabic B) Deca syllabic
 C) Hexa syllabic D) Dodeca syllabic.
114. ----- is the favourite metre of Mar aprem.
 A) Hepta syllabic B) Deca syllabic
 C) Hexa syllabic D) Dodeca syllabic
115. The word meaning of ܣܝܡ ܒܪܟܐ (syam burko):
 A) Blessing of water B) Kneeling
 C) Healing D) Procession
116. -----is the meaning of ܒܝܪܟܟܠܝܠܐ (boorokkleele):
 A) Blessing of water B) Kneeling
 C) Blessings of crown D) Blessings of oil.
117. 'The Harp' published from:
 A) Luvain B) Rome C) Paris D) Kottayam
118. ----- is published from Kaslik.
 A) CSCO B) PO
 C) Parole de orient D) Harp
119. The first metropolitan of marthoma church was:
 A) Abraham mar Yuliose B) Mathews Mar Athanasius
 C) Mar Theodosius D) Mar Baseliose
120. ----- was the first metropolitan of 'Malabar apostolic vicariate under propaganda'.
 A) Mar Abraham B) Parambil Chandi
 C) Francis Roze D) Joseph Maria Sebastiani

