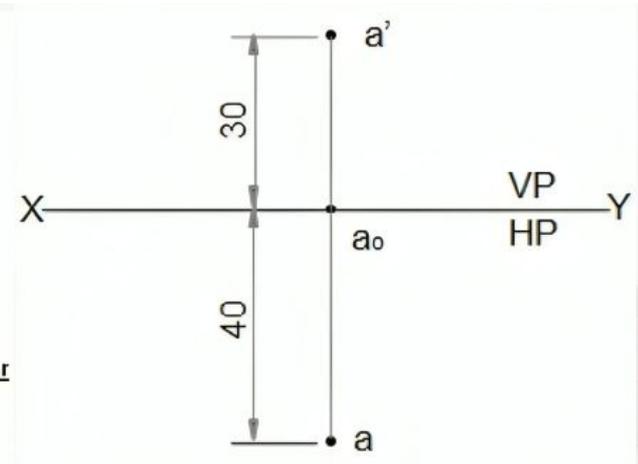
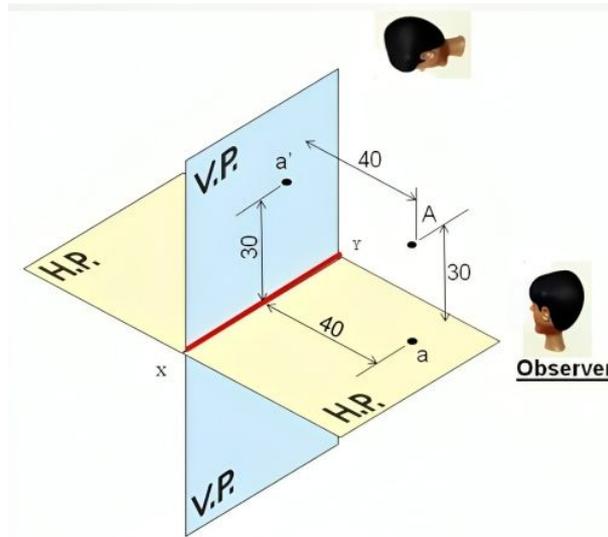


# **PROJECTION OF POINT**

**PRASANTH O P**

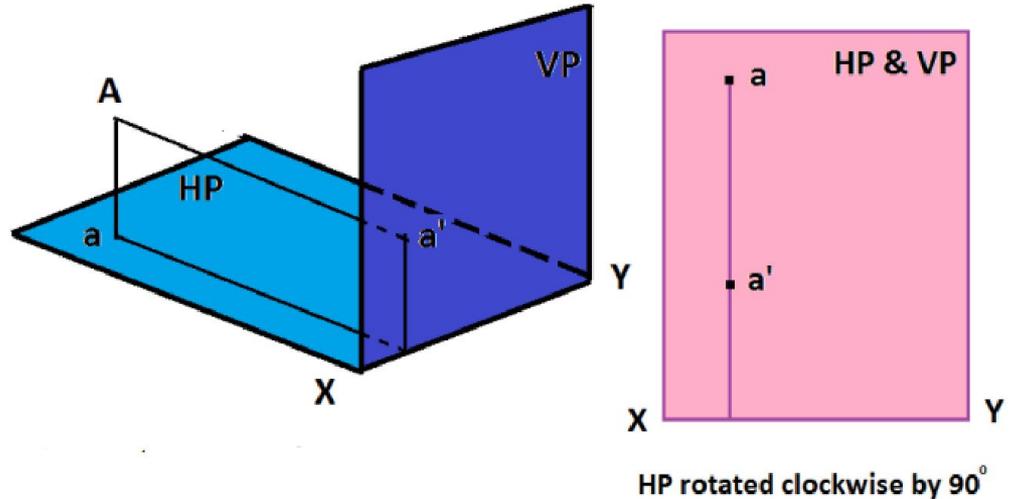
# FIRST QUADRANT

- Above HP in front of VP.
- PLAN (TV) – Below reference line.
- ELEVATION (FV) – Above reference line.



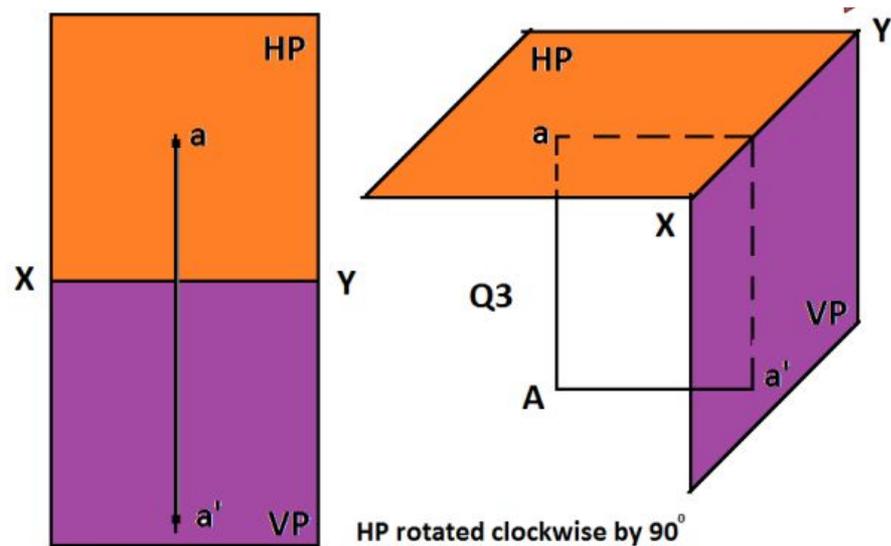
# SECOND QUADRANT

- Above HP behind VP.
- PLAN (TV) – Above reference line.
- ELEVATION (FV) – Above reference line.



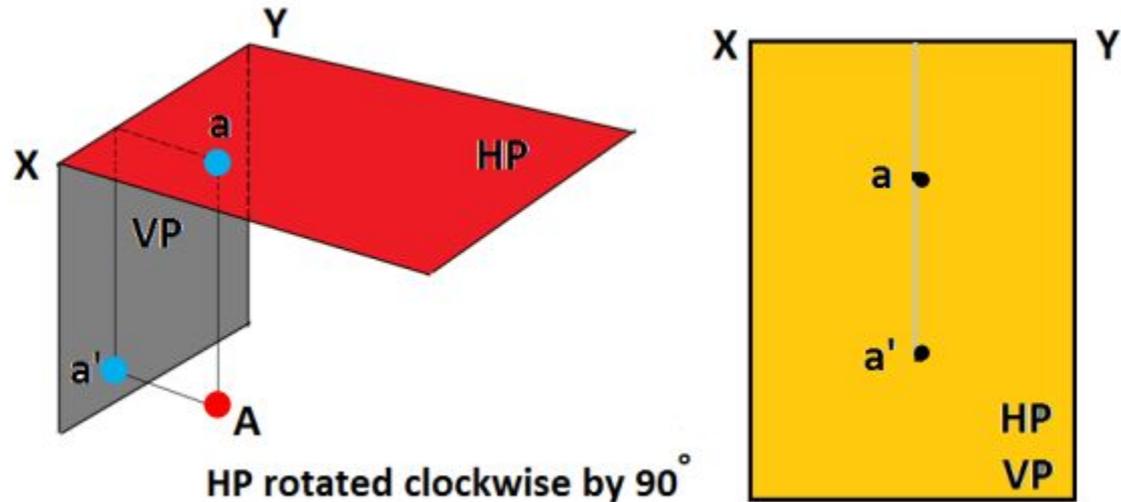
# THIRD QUADRANT

- Below HP Behind VP.
- PLAN (TV) – Above reference line.
- ELEVATION (FV) – Below reference line.



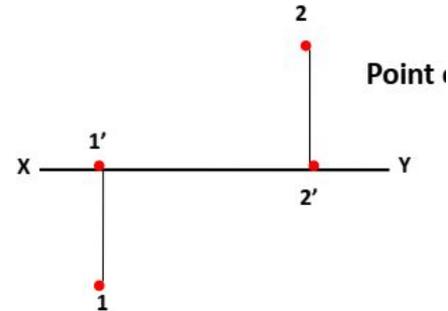
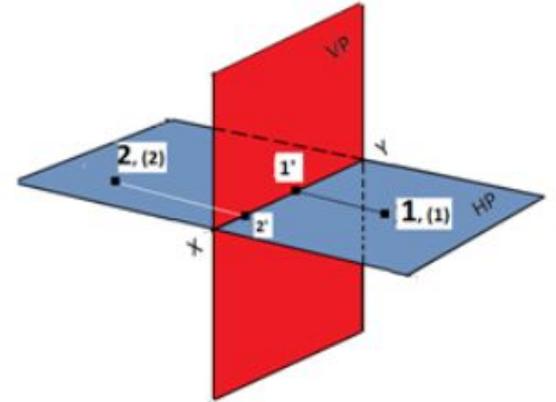
# FOURTH QUADRANT

- Below HP in front of VP.
- PLAN (TV) – Below reference line.
- ELEVATION (FV) – Below reference line.



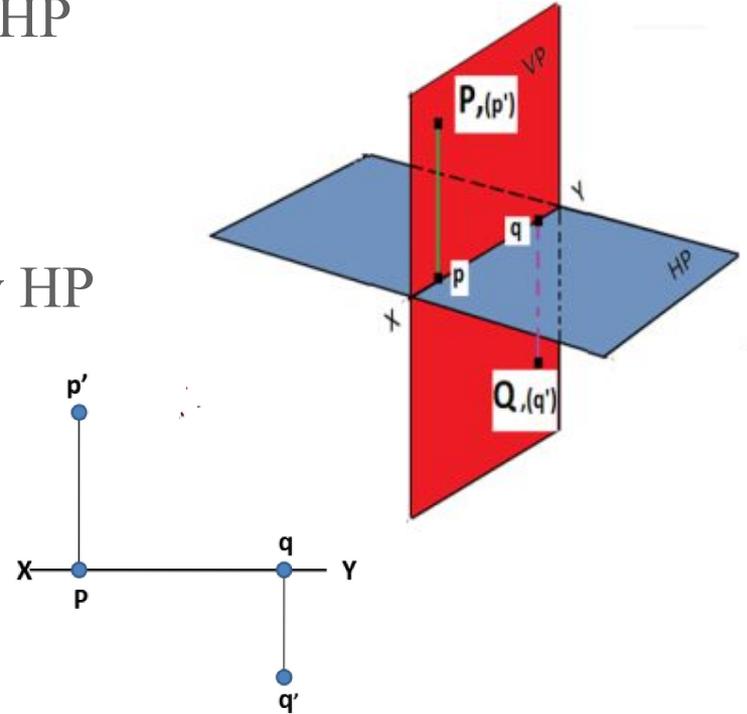
# POINT ON HP

- Point on HP, its FV (elevation) on XY
- 1 - on HP & in front of VP
  - FV on XY
  - TV below XY
- 2 - on HP & behind VP
  - FV on XY
  - TV above XY



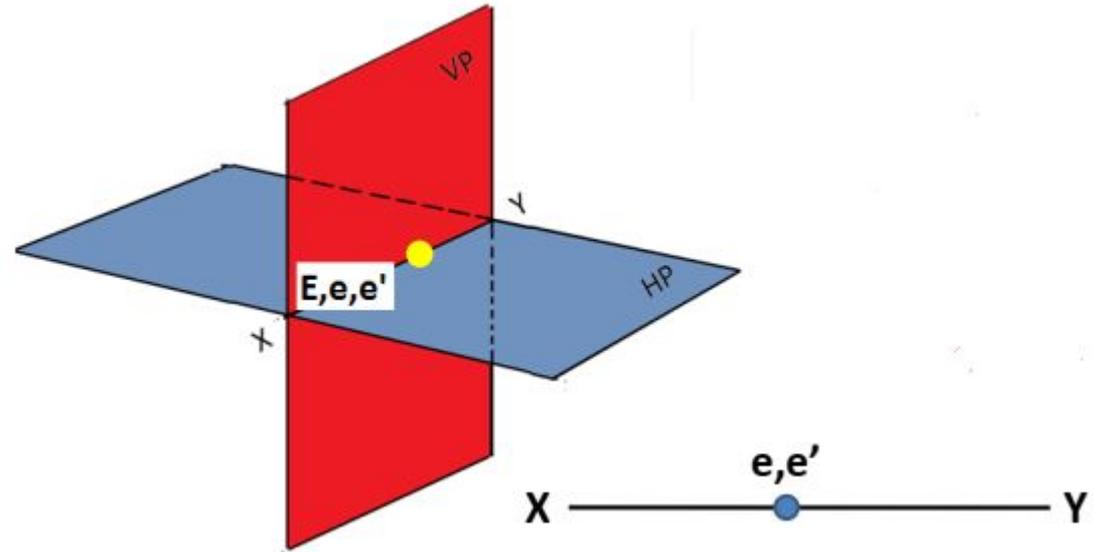
## POINT ON VP

- Point on VP, its TV (plan) on XY
- P - on VP & above HP
  - FV above XY
  - TV on XY
- Q – on VP & below HP
  - TV on XY
  - FV below XY



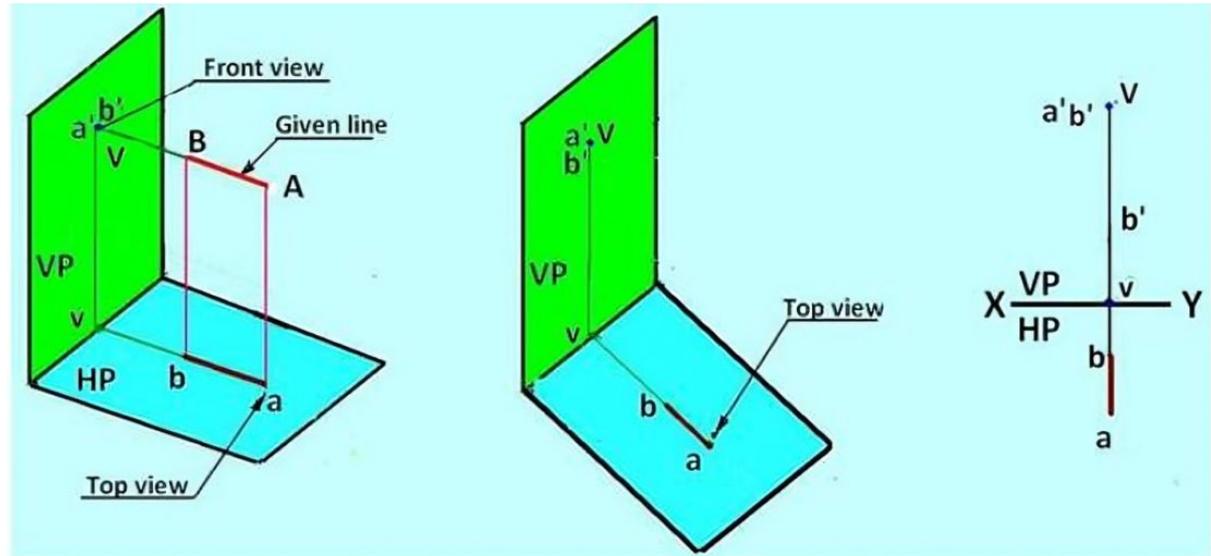
# POINT ON BOTH HP & VP

- Front and Top views on XY



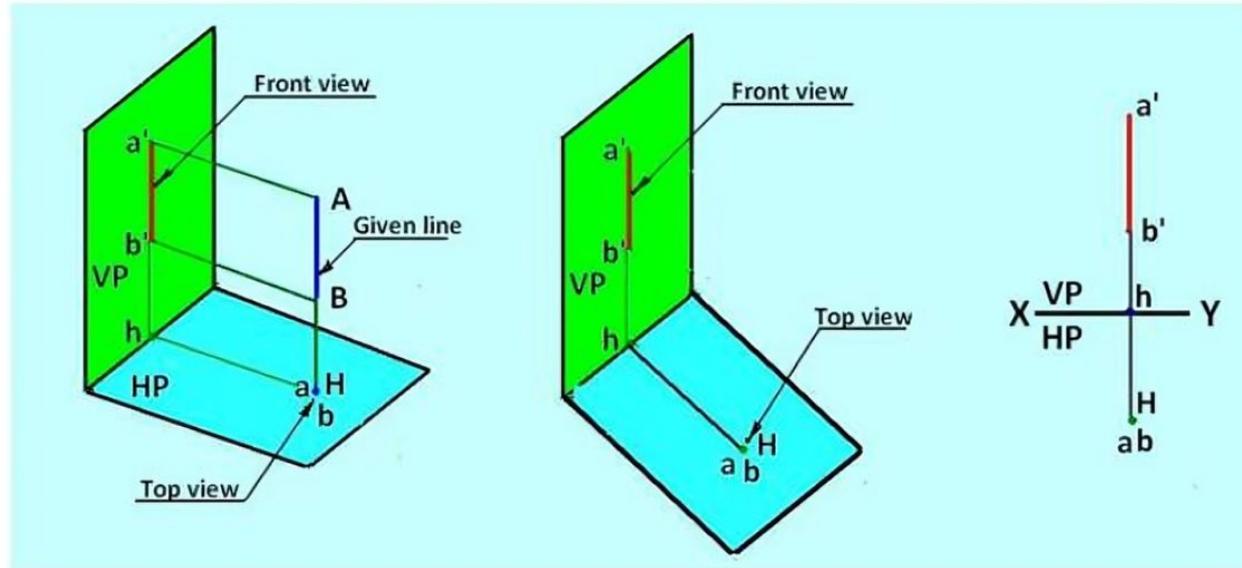
# PROJECTION OF LINE

- Line parallel to HP and perpendicular to VP.
- PLAN (TV) – Straight line.
- ELEVATION (FV) – A Point.



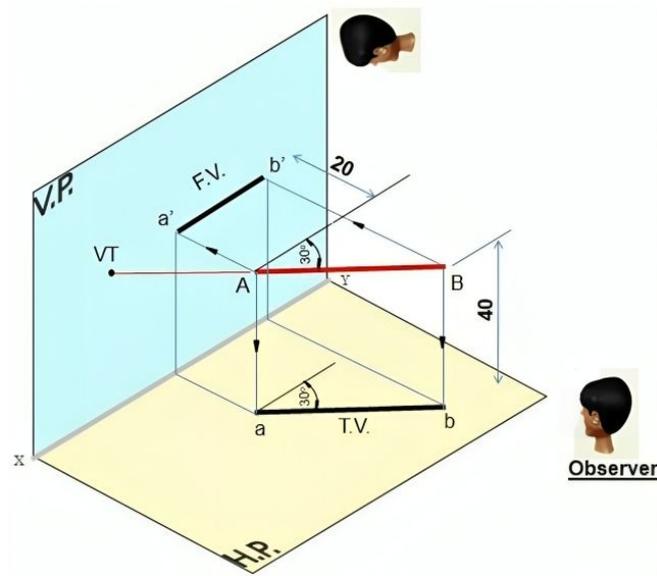
# PROJECTION OF LINE

- Line parallel to VP and perpendicular to HP.
- PLAN – A Point.
- ELEVATION – A Straight line.



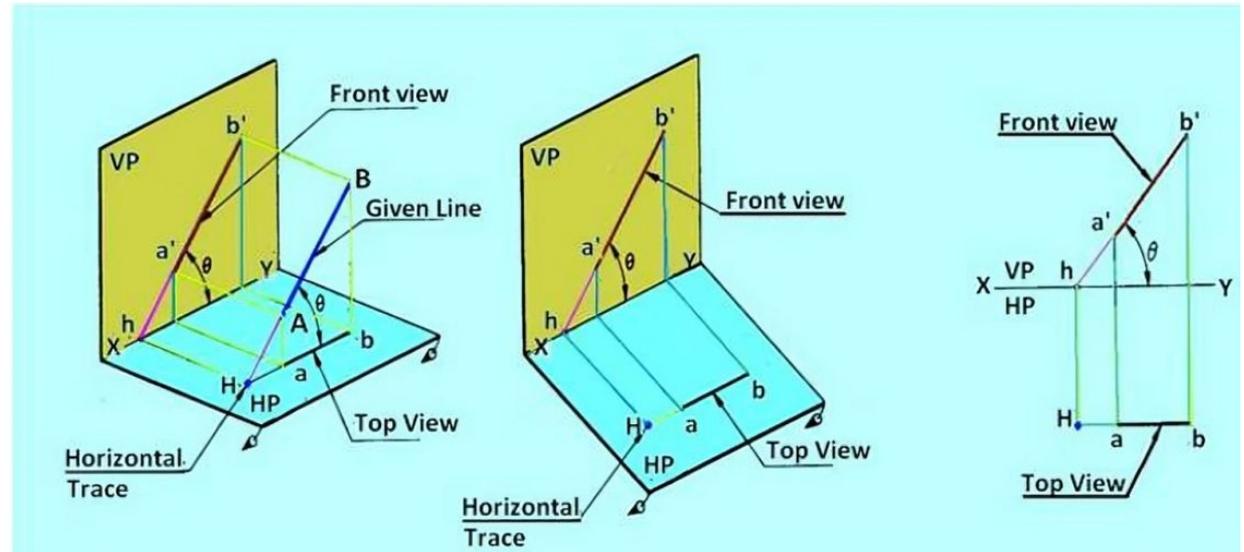
# PROJECTION OF LINE

- Line inclined to VP and parallel to HP.
- PLAN – Inclined straight line.
- ELEVATION – A Straight line.



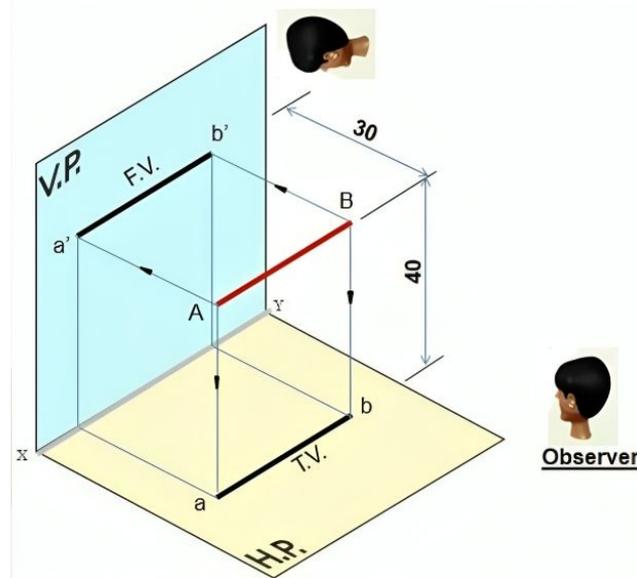
# PROJECTION OF LINE

- Line is inclined to HP and parallel to VP.
- PLAN – A Straight line.
- ELEVATION – Inclined straight line.



# PROJECTION OF LINE

- Line parallel to both HP & VP.
- PLAN – A Straight line.
- ELEVATION – A Straight line.



# TRACES OF A LINE

- When a line is inclined or perpendicular to any one of reference plane it will meet that plane at a point , the point of meeting of the line with reference plane is called trace of the line or simply trace.
- The point of meeting of a line with HP is called horizontal trace HT.
- The point of meeting of a line with VP is called vertical trace VT.

## TRACES OF A LINE

- Trace of a line is always a point.
- If a line is parallel to HP it has no horizontal trace HT.
- If a line is parallel to VP It has no vertical trace VT.
- If a line is perpendicular or inclined to HP it has horizontal trace HT.
- If a line is perpendicular or inclined to VP it has vertical trace VT.

# TRACE OF A PLANE

- Trace of a plane is always a line.
- If a plane is parallel to HP it has no horizontal trace HT.
- If a plane is parallel to VP it has no vertical trace.
- If a plane is perpendicular or inclined to HP it has a horizontal trace HT.
- If a plane is perpendicular or inclined to VP it has a vertical trace.



**THANK YOU**